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The Mercury.

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tablished June, 1761, did is now in the pass hundred and sixy-third year, It is the place the missif a dizon exception, the little pass the missif a dizon exception, the loss of the passing due to weekly of tours-electrons the colonia, State, local and general may well relected infecularly and valuable farmers and household departments flexible go many hunseholds in this sad diler states, the limited pass who advertibing is very valuable to business.

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Local Matters.

KNIGHT TEMPLAR PARADE

The Knights Templare of blassa-chusetts and Rhode Island Will have a big demonstration and parade in honor of the Grand Muster, of the Grand Encampment, of the United States, Joseph K. Orr, of Allanta, Georgia, in Providence on Thursday, May 27th," The big feature of the day will be the street parence, which is scheduled to start at 11 h. m., and will cover the principal streets in the center of the city, the route being a little over two miles in length. the 4B commanderies in the jurisdiction all but one will take part in the parade, and there will be some forty bands of music, making about 9000 men in line. This will be the biggest Knight Templar parade that has taken place in the East since the Grand Encampment of the United States met in Boston many years

go. Richard of and the will be a competitive drill between the crack drill corps of the various Commanderies, on Exchange Place, for three handsome cups, the donors being Governor R. Livingston Beeckman, who is a member of Washington Commandery, Grand Commander Everett C. Benton of Boston, and Past Grand Commander John P. Sanborn of Newport. The drill corps of Washington Commandery hopes to bring home

one of these cups.
Washington Commandery will make the trip to Providence and return, by steamer Elberon, which will leave Sullivan's wharf at 8.15 a. m. The Commandery will be accompanied by the Municipal band and many of the members will take their ladies Unon arriving in Providence, the ladies will proceed directly to the reviewing stand in Exchange Place, where seats have been secured for them, and the Commandery will be escorted to its place in line for the parade, the line being formed on Promenade street adjoining streets. The big parade will take considerable time to pass the reviewing stand, where it will be reviewed by the Most Eminent Grand Master, the Right Eminent Grand Commander, Governor R. Livingston Beeckman Mayor Joseph Gainer of Providence, and other distinguished citizens.

After the parade the Commandery and ladies will proceed to the Crown Hotel where the private dining room has been reserved for their exclusive use on that day. After dinner the feature of the day will be the competi-tive drill which will be held in front of the grand stand.

The return trip to Newport will be made in the early evening on the Elberon, and supper will be served on board the boat. As the evening will be brilliantly lighted by a nearly full meen, the trip down should be a delightful one if the weather is favorable. Washington Commandery ex-Pecis to take a large delegation to take part in the parade, and will be the fourth Commandery in line.

ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of the New-392 Historical Society will be held the Societys rooms on Touro street on Tuesday afternoon, May 25 11 which time Miss Maud Lyman Stevens will read a paper on the his-ਿਜ਼ੰਦ Wanton-Hazard house on Broad Fig. The annual reports will be read at a officers elected for the ensuing 3:37.

A handsome elm tree has been statted in Touro Park as a memorial 5 the late Frank M. Wheeler.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hunnick are to their way to England to spend

INJURED AT TORPEDO STATION

There was an accident at the Tor. pedo Station on Tuesday afternoon, which brought injuries to four men, but fortunately none of them was dangerously hurt. The sounding of the Station fire alarm and the rumor of the explosion brought a large crowd to the Government Landing to await further reports from the Station, the crowd approximating in size that which assembled at the time of the explosion in the bomb-proof when a number of men were killed there during the war. Fortunately this accident was much less serious.

One of the men had picked up one of the old round cannon balls which are numerous at the Station and had placed it in the forge for annealing. No one imagined that it contained any form of explosive, it being sup-posed to be solid iron. After being well heated the ball exploded, throwing fragments of iron in all directions. Four men were directly in range and all suffered painful burns-John Gleason, Florence J. Harvey, George II: Cleary and James H. Heffernan. All , were , given prompt treatment by the surgical force at the Station and while it was at first found that one of them might lose the sight of an eye, it is now believed that there will be no serious consequences to anyone.

This is the first serious accident that has happened at the Station for n long time.

Secretary Josephus Daniels and Assistant, Secretary Franklin, D. Rodsevelt are expected to appear before the court of inquiry in Wash-Ington this: week: Their examination by Mr. Nolan, counsel for the Newport ministers, promises to be of real interest. It appears that the court has about completed its duties as far as inquiry is concerned, but no one knows how long it will take to complete its report after the investigation is completed.

Mr. Chester A. Ober has returned to his home in this city after many exciting adventures on the exploring trip of Dr. Hamilton Rice up the Amazon River. Their most thrilling time was when they encountered a band of white cannibals, from whom they made their escape with difficulty after killing a number. Dr. and Mrs. Rice are now in New York, and are expected to arrive at their Newport home, "Miramar," within a few

The Soldiers' Bonus Board has completed its work in this city and has returned to headquarters in Providence. The stay in Newport was only a little over a week, and it is estimated that there registered during that time something over one-half the men in Newport who are entitled to the bonus. It looks as though the rest would have to go to Providence to register.

The Newport & Providence Street Railway will soon have its one-man cars in operation on all its system, the Public Utilities Commission having granted permission for their use some time ago. An order for the new cars was placed with the manufacturers during the winter and the stock is expected soon,

A number of Past Masters and members of St. John's and St. Paul's Lodges of this city will attend the session of the Grand Lodge of Rhode Island in Providence next Monday. in the evening the Grotto of that city will hold a ceremonial session, which will also attract many from here.

Work has been begun in setting up the work benches and machinery for the Rueckert Contpany which has taken over the former Curry Mill on Chapel street for a factory. It is expected that the actual factory work will begin in a short time.

Markerel are being landed at Long Wharf in large numbers daily and are bringing good prices on the wharf. The crews that have made bank accounts enough to carry them through a long hard winter,

Mr. Edward R. McCormick, who died in Boston this week, was a former Newport boy, being a late Michael McCormick. He was a retired chief petty officer of the Navy and had made his home in Boston for some time.

Weenat Shassitt Tribe of Red Men will attend divine service at Emmanuel Church on Sunday evening. The Municipal band will escort the Triba to and from the church.

for England to spend the summer.

ALTON HEAD FOR ROADS BOARD

Covernor R. Livingston Beeckman has appointed Senator Alton Head of Jumestown as a member of the State Board of Public Roads to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation Michael M. Van Beuren of Middletown. The appointment of Senator Head gives excellent satisfaction throughout Newport County, as the new member is a man of strong personality and is entirely familiar with the road proposition throughout the State. He has long been engaged in business as a contractor and has himself been engaged in practical road building. His long career in the Legislature: has brought bim into intimate contact with people from all parts of the State, among whom he is held in the highest esteem.

The unfortunate feature about the appointment is that Senator Head will probably retire from the Legislature when his present term expires at the end of the year, . He has been a very valuable man for his town and for Newport .County, having served as member of the important committee on finance for the past four years, and being in point of service the He has always been deeply interested in the affairs of Newport County and Is one of the strongest men that could possibly have been chosen for this important position, He had long been prominently mentioned; for a position, on the Board of Roads, and many of his friends urged the Governor to appoint him when a vacancy was creatod by the death of the late William Clarence Peckham.

PHINEAS CHCEARK they be

Mr. Phineas O. Clark died at his home on Ayrault street on Tuesday in his eightieth year. In spite of his advanced age and failing health he had been able to attend regularly to his blacksmithing establishment up to the day before his death. He was one of the oldest active business men of Newport.

Mr. Clark was one of the old native Newporters, being a son of the late Thomas Clark. He learned the blacksmith trade as a young man, and was afterward engaged as a teamster. For a short time, about the close of the Civil War, he was employed as an engineer in North Carolina, and upon his return to Newport engaged in business for himself as a blacksmith and carriage builder.

He was formerly a member of the Newport Artillery Company and was for many years connected with the Newport Fire Department, retiring in 1911.

YOUNG MEN'S HEBREW ASSOCI-ATION

The following officers of the Young Men's Hebrey Association were installed last Sunday by Hon. Max

President—Herman Podrat. Vice President—Henry David. Recording Secretary—N. Thomas

delsen.
Financial Secretary—Alie Smith.
Treasurer—I. M. Lippett.
Sergeant-at-arms—Victor Dannin.
Executive Committee—Rernard
lichards, S. Mistowsky, Gabriel Rosen, H. Novick, Sam Dannin, Edwin J. Josophson, Max Kusinitz.

The various coal yards of Newport are practically entirely empty. It is still possible to get a small quantity of buckwheat occasionally, but even this is very scarce, and the larger sizes are entirely gone. No dealer will venture a prediction as to when more coal will be received, nor what the price will be. As this is the season of the year when coal is supposed to be the lowest in price and many householders fill their bins for the next winter, the situation is decidedly serious.

The touring car of Thomas E. Morgan was removed from a point near the Police Station Monday morning, and later the police found the car and three young men on Dean avenue The car and occupants were taken to the Police Station, but the owner regood catches have augmented their Jused to prosecute and thus saved the young men from a very serious predicament. However, they probably will not try the same scheme again, as they were pretty nervous for a time.

> Dr. C. Hammett Rogers has purhased the former Cornell property at the corner of Spring street and Broadway, and will probably make extensive alterations and improvements.

Mr. Philip Firnges, for many years night watchman at the Beach, is seriously ill at his home on Third street.

Patrick H. Horgan has purchased Miss Theodora Taylor has sailed the property at Broadway and Caleb Earle street.

SCHOOL COMMITTEE

The monthly meeting of the School Committee was held on Monday evening, when considerable business was transacted. The report of Superintendent Lull contained the following

Total enrollment of all schools 4291, average number: belonging 3796.7, average daily attendance 3388, per cent. of attendance 89.2, cases of tardiness 277, cases of dismissal before the end of a session 54.

Rogers—Enrollment 701, average daily attendance 545.4, per cent. of attendance 85.8, cases of tardiness 70, cases of dismissal before the close of a

of dismissal before the close of a

The total enrollment (4291) is 109 larger than last June (4182).

'Absences of teachers and assistants: 107 1-4 sessions by 20 teachers, 10 sessions by 6 assistants.

Tardiness of teachers and assistants; 5 sessions by 5 teachers.

Board of Health Since the last meeting one case of scarlet fever and a great many cases of measles have been reported to this department.

Evening Schools

Evening Schools

The following report has been sent to the State Board of Education for the school year 1919-1920:

The elementary classes, mechanical drawing, stenography and typewriting were in session 60 evenings, with an enrollment of 273, an average incumber belonging of 126.4 and an average attendance of 81.4. The machine class had 120 evenings and it enrolled 65, and had an average attendance of 9.7.

The total paid for instruction was \$1508.25; all other expenses (fuellight, supplies, janitor's expenses), \$13.00; total \$2321.85.

State's Appropriation

State's Appropriation .

...The annual statement based on the school census has been received. The total annual distributions is \$67,900. The rate per capita of school popu-lation—that is, the 5316 children who The rate per capita of school population—that is, the 5316 children who were 5 to 15 years of age in January (both years included) is \$548,886. This rate is a little more than a cent smaller than last year. The reduction, together with the shrinkage of the Newport consus, has caused a loss of \$210,25. The amount received from the census is \$2917.88. To this should be added \$1500 directly appropriated for the first fifteen school rooms.

Grade IX
The annual May report of the hopes, intentions and expectations of Grade LX has been received. Of the 202 pupils reporting, 184 expect to go to Rogers, 10 to other schools, and 3 will go to work. Of the 184 there are also 69 who

Of the 184 there are also or, who also hope to go to some higher institution of learning after their high school course. Of the 184 there are six who hope to go to the Normal School and become teachers—about three percent. Although 40 hope to become stennoranhers and typewriters three percent. Although 46 hope to become stenographers and typewriters and 16 others private secretaries, there is a very wide range of choice for future vocations. This range includes 45 variations. In addition to the 184 who liope to go to the Rogers, there are 55 in St. Augustin's, St. Mary's, private schools in the city and 18 from the adjacent towns—or a total of 239.

18 from the adjacent countries of 239.

There is a probability that about 80 per cent. or a total of 190 to 200 will enter next September.

nam contained the following:

nam contained the following:

Number of cases investigated (Reported by teachers), 144; number of cases of truency (public 15, parochial 5), 20; number out for illness and other causes, 124; number of different children truents, 18; number found not attending school, 2; number of certificates issued, 8.

On April 25, a boy was brought be-

On April 25, a boy was brought be-fore the juvenile court on petition and summons for being an habitual truant. He was adjudged a delin-quent child and was placed on proba-tion.

tion.

On April 23, on complaint by the Mumford School about a boy smoking eigarettes, your truant officer investigated and found sufficient proof to prosecute a store keeper for selling eigarettes to a boy 15 years of age. On April 25 he was arraigned. He pleaded guilty and was fined \$5 and costs; total \$7.60.

The committee on text books and supplies gave notice of some changes in text books which will come up for action next month. There was also an informal discussion over the advisability of restoring the study of German, and it will probably be done.

Superintendent Lull explained the status of the various school propositions, and a formal resolution was adopted, defining the location of the High School addition on the Central street property. At the next meeting a name will probably be adopted for the new school building on outer Broadway.

The annual inspection of Washington Commandery by the Division Commander, Eminent Sir Clarence M. Dunbar of Providence, accompanied by Eminent Sir George H. Sykes, Deputy Grand Warder, will take place next Wednesday evening. Supper will be served in the Masonic Hall at 6.30 are expected.

Captain Francis R. Kerr, U. S. A. has resigned from the Army and will engage in civil pursuits. He is a graduate of the Military Academy at West Point.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN

The weekly meeting of the board of aldermen was held on Wednesday evening, beause of Friday being a legal heliday (Arbor Day). There was a large amount of business for consideration. Mayor Mahonoy presented a report on the City employment office, showing openings for a number of workers. The application of the Canton Restaurant Company for a victualing house license on the second floor of the former Young Blockent Thames and Touro streets : provoked some discussion. It had been said that the local restaurant men were opposed the granting of the license, so the pet tioners came before the board before going ahead with their plans to spend a large sum of money on linprovements. The malter was discussed and the attorney for the petitioners was heard, after which it was voted to grant the license.

The petition of J. Lack & Son to maintain a gasoline arm over the sidewalk on the west side of Broadway was laid on the table after some discussion. Alderman Thompson was in favor of granting the license, butit was opposed by Alderman Rughes who favored keeping the sldewalk clear. The representative council had quickly tabled an ordinance regulating this matter at its last meeting, so the board was working in the dark to

some extent.

City Clerk Fullerton explained the situation rgarding the issuing of city bonds for the financing of the new school propositions, the Boston banks not being satisfied with the last voter of the representative council. 'After some discussion it was voted to call a meeting of the council for Friday evening, May 21, to take further action in validating the bond issue.

A letter was read from the Honorable Josephus Daniels, Secretary, of the Navy, stating that it would not be possible to have the ships of the Atlantic fleet in Narragansett Bay during the summer, but that the destroyer fleet will base here. The large ships will be engaged in refitting during July and August.

A great deal of routine business was transacted and a number of licenses of various kinds were granted.

NEWPORT ARTILERY COMPANY

Colonel William MacLeod has made the following appointments of noncommissioned officers of the Newport Artillery Company:

Quartermaster Sergeant-Vincent

Commissary Sergeant-Francis W. King.
Ordnance Sergeant—Thomas H.

Lawton.
Color Sergeants—Robert L. Oman,

Color Sergeants—Robert L. Oman, Jr., Daniel Smith.
Chief Musician with rank of Sergeant—Daniel A. Peckham,
Corporals—Thomas J. Smythe, William S. Bailey, 3d, Harold B. Durfee,
Emil F. Peterson, Howard A. Wheeler,
Edward G. Ritchie, Lawrence H. Bartker, S. Franklin Carr, Arthur M. A.

Hughes. Musicians with rank of Corporal-Frank R. Peabody, Spencer Brown, Harold Knowe.

The rifle feam squad has organized by the election of Licutenant Howard G. Peckham as captain and Lieutenant Horace S. Brown as accretary.

Friday was Arbor Day, and as it is a legal holiday in this State, the banks and other public offices were closed for the day. There were exercises in keeping with the character of the day in the public schools, and number of trees were set out on the Basin playground by the older boys. The trees had been presented to the Recreation Commission for this pur-مستورة التواسية

Post Commander William S. Bailey of Lawton-Warren Post, G. A. R., will be the president of the day on Memorial Day. Past Commander Jere I. Greene will be commander of the line for the street parade, and will have Colonel Herbert Bliss as his chief of staff. The line will probably be a long one, and the parade should be well worth seeing.

The St. George's School base ball team has been badly crippled by an accident to Mr. Wheeler, the team's star pitcher, who broke his ankle in a game with the Brown seconds on Wednesday. On his absence, the Brown boys had things wholly their own way, winning by the large score of 23 to 1.

The ballots for the board of directors for the Chamber of Commerce were opened on Friday afternoon and were counted by the tellers. These were counted by the tellers. These helicity men the form the first men who stood the Newport Hospital, is reported as o'clock. A large number of visitors | by large were for choice of twelve di-Cabert in the eximmey vote.

> The annual meeting of the Newbort County Sunday School Association was scheduled for Friday evening at the Emmanuel Parish House.

MIDDLETOWN

(From our regular correspondent) Rugs and Bronze Tablet for Berke-

The bronze tablet for the Peckham the broaze tablet for the Peckham Memorial room of the Berkeley Parish House has been received by Mr. and Mrs. Howard R. Peckham and will be placed in the room at a later dute, when the dedication will also be observed. The rugs, which are dusk green Crex grass rugs, match the other furniture and add to the home-like aspect. home-like aspect,

Although the rain has bindered the work on the construction on the East Main Road, the steam shovel seems to be progressing rapidly. It is now digging near the Dhelps place at Slate Hill Farm. A piece of the road has been filled in with stone and rolled, been filled in with stone and rolled, making it ready for crushed stone and the lop dressing. The detours are mearly as bad as usual: Those trying to pass up Mitchell's Lane find it very bad, and through Union street it is only a little better.

The Epworth League was enter-'taimed by Mrs. Stephen Congdon and was of the nature of an anniversary. The program was in charge of Mrs. Congdon. Devotional exercises were "chloyed, which were followed by hymns.

Ascension Day was observed and Holy Communion was celebrated at St. Mary's Church on Thursday at 10 o'clock, and Evening Prayer and address at the Holy Cross in the evening.

"Mrs. Arthur Barker gave a party, for her daughter, Evelyn, in honor of her ninth birthday at "Sea, Breeze," on Paradise avenue. Games were played and refreshments were served, and a large birthday cake with candles, was cut. At each place was a pretty May basket filled with candy and flowers. Miss Barker received many gifts; among them being a large think May basket.

The following is a list of books loaned from the Middletown Free Public Library by Miss Charlette Chase, librarian, during the month of April: Science and Art 2, Geography and Travel 8, History 3, Biography 4, Miscellaneous 35, Fiction 133, Total 192 phy 4, Mise Total 192,

Rev. Everett P. Smith requests the men of St. Mary's parish who are in-terested in forming a men's club, to meet at the Rectory on Saturday evening, 61ay 15, to discuss the mat-

At a recent meeting of the Berkeley Dramatic Club, which was held in the new Berkeley Parish House, plans were discussed for a play to be given. June 11, under the direction of Rev. I. Harding Hughes. The entertainment for next month will be in charge of Misses Lena Menzi and Ivah Peckham and Mr. Gordon D. Oxx.

ham and Mr. Gordon D. Oxx. Miss Isabella Silvia, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Justilian Silvia, of this town, who left here when five years of age, is expected to return to the home of her parents, after an absence of 20 years. Miss Silvia will be accompanied by her uncle, Rev. Futher Martin of Lisbon. Portugal, who will remain nied by her uncle, Rev. Father Martin of Lisbon, Portugal, who will remain here until Fall. Miss Silvia has received a good education while abroad and graduated from Lisbon College. Miss Silvia has two sixters, Mrs. Anna B, Grady of Newport and Mrs. Marie Flowest of Middletown, and three brothers, Messrs. Joseph, Manuel and Frank Silvia, all of this town.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Thomas, baye had as guest Mrs. Thomas' sister-in-law, Mrs. Earl Brazil, who is soon going to Canada to visit her parents.

Mrs. Vincent Leonard has received news of the death of her brother, Mr, Charles C. Titcomb of Cranston.

Misses Elsie and Dorothy A. Peck-ham and Messes. Roger and Adel-bert Peckham have returned to this town after a motor trip to visit rela-tives in Putnam, Conn.

Aquidneck Grange held its regular-meeting at the town hall on Thursday-evening. It was State Officers' night. The entertainment, which was in charge of Misses Gladys and Ivah L. Peckham and Mr. Edward A. Cory was yery pleasing.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Sanford, who have been spending their vacation in New York, have returned to their home.

Mrs, Alvin P. Smith is spending two Mrs. Alvin F. Smith is spending two weeks with her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. William D. Mc-Caughey, at their home in Providence. Mrs. McCaughey has just returned to her home from the Hospital with her two-weeks-old son.

Mrs. Manning, wife of Rev. George W. Manning, who has been very ill, is improving, but is unable to get out as yet.

The members of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church recently presented Rev. and Mrs. George Manning with a large May basket. It was really a clothes basket, prettily covered with pink crepe paper and was filled to overflowing with vegetables canned goods, meats, jellies and other preserves.

Team 3 of the Berkeley Parish is Team 3 of the Berketey Parish is planning a costume masque dance to be held May 21 at the new Parish House. Prizes will be awarded for the best costumes. Miss Happie Austin and Mr. Lloyd Peckham are the captains of this team and are in charge of the arrangements.

improving rapidly.

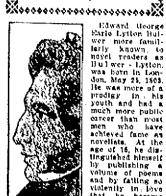
A Little Compton man has been fined in the police court for having 19 short lobsters in his possession. At \$5.00 a lobster they come pretty high.

CONDENSED CLASSICS

THE LAST DAYS

By BOWARD BULWER LYTTON Condensation by Prof. William Femeral Harris of Combridge, Have.

OF POMPEH



was born in Lon-don, May 25, 1803. prodigy in by youth and had youth and had a much more public cureer than most men who have achieved fame as noveliats. At the age of 16, he distinguished himself by publishing a volume of poems and by fatting so-violently in, love that he became highly morbid marriage was not the control of the control

that he became highly morbid when his proposal of intrinse was not taken setlously by the father of the siel he loved. She died a few years later and Hulwer said that the disappointment embittered his whole life. At Cambridga, he won a medal for the excellence of a poem and published another book of verse.

In 1827, he had sufficiently recovered from his premature love offair to marry, against his mother's wishes, a brilliant heavity of society. The match was fore-doomed to be unhappy, for both Bulwer and his wife were too unrestrained to live together. They quarreled, were legally separated and continued to quarrel in print for years. Bulwer was rapidly winning renown. His first hovels were successes but it was not untit "The Last Days of Pompell" (1834) that his fame was usuared. When years later appeared "The Last of the Barons," which many sood judges have considered his best work. He wrote numerous other, stories, novels of society, of crime, of mysterics, of family life, He was the most successful dramatist of, his time. He dabbled in Journalism, For, 10 years he was a member of parliament, was later secretary for the colonies, and in 1865 was relied to the perage as Baron Lytton. He died on January 18, 1872. 37) 37

LAUCUS the Athenian thy time has come said a loud and clear voice: 'the lions awalt thea'

"I am ready,' said the Athenian. He had bent his limbs so as to give himself the firmest posture at the expected rush of the Hou, with his small and shining weapons raised on high, in the taint hope that one well-directed thrust might penetrate through the eye to the brain of his grim too.

"But to the unutterable astonish ment of all, the beast seemed not even aware of the presence of the criminal. At the first moment of its re-lease it haired abruptly in the arena, raised itself half on end, snuffing the upward air with impatient sight; then suddenly it sprang forward, but not-on the Athenian. At half-speed it, circled round and round the space, turning its rast head from side to side with an anxious and perturbed gaze, as it seeking only some avenue of es cape; once or twice it endeavored to lean up the parapet that divided it from the audience, and, on failing, ut-tered rather a haffled howl than its deep-toned and kingly rost. It erinced no sign either of wrath or hunger; its tail drooped along the sand, Instead of lashing its genut sides; and its eye, though it wandered at times to Glau-cus, rolled again listlessly from him. At length, as if tired of attempting to escape, it crept with a moan into its cage and once more laid itself down

"The first surprise of the assembly at the apathy of the lion soon grew into resentment at its cowardice; and the populace stready merced their plty for the fate of Glaucus into angry compassion for their own disappoint-The manager called to the

How is this? Take a good, and prick him forth, and then close door of the deb."

"As the keeper, with some fear, but more astonishment, was preparing to obey, a loud cry was beard at one entrances of the arena; there was a confusion, a busile, voices of remonstrance suddenly breaking forth, and sudden allence at the reply. eyes turned in wonder toward the quarter of the disturbance; the crowd gave way, and suddenly Sellust upneared on the sanguarial benches, his hair disheveled, breathless, beated, half exhausted. He cast his even hertily around the ring. Remove the Athenian, he cried; haste, he is innocent! Arrest Arbaces the Egyptian; he is the murderer of Apae-

"'Art thou mad, O Salbast I said the praetor, rising from his seat, What meens this raving?

" Remove the Athenian! Quick! or his blood be on your head. Practor. delay, and you answer with your own life to the emperor! I bring with me the eye-witness to the death of the priest Aprecides. Room there! stand back! Give way! People of Pompeli, fix every eye upon Arbaccs; there be Bits. Boom there for the priest Cale-mus?

"Tule happend, fresh from the Jaws of familie and of death, his face fallen, his eyes dull as a vulture's, his broad frame cutti as a sheleton. Calenus was supported into the very row in which Arthure ser His releasers had E.ven lim sparingly of feet; but the that succeeding the cornel his feetige Imba was reversed

The great Court of houst when it is because Sections Charles to the

व जाने कार्य कार्य कार्य एक the electricity of the business to a to-

; TArbaces of Egypt is the murderer of Apaceldes, the priest of Isis; these eyes saw librated the blaw. It is from the dungeon into which he plunged me, it is from the darkness and horrer of a death by famine, that the gods have calsed me to proclaim his crime! Release the Athenian-he is Innocent!

"It is for this, then, that the iten spared him. A intractof a miracle? cried Pansa.

"'A miracle! a miracle!' shouted the people; 'remove the Athenian-Arbaces to the Hon!'

"The power of the practor was as a reed beneath the whirlwind; still, at his word the guards had drawn themselves along the lower benches, on which the upper classes sat separate from the yulgar. They made but a feeble barrier; the waves of the buman sea halted for a moment, to ouable Arbaces to count the exact moment of his doom! In despair, and in a terror which beat down even pride, he glanced his eyes over the rolling and rushing crowd, when, right above then, through the wide chasm which had been left in the veloria, he beheld a strange and awful apparition; he beheld, and his craft restored his couraget

"He stretched his hand on high! over his lofty brow and reyal features there came an expression of unutterable selemnity and command,

"Behold? he shouted with a vulce of thunder which stilled the roar of the crowd; behold how the gods pro-tect the guildess! The fires of the avenging Oreus burst forth against the false witness of my accusers!"

The fires of the "avenging Orcus"

those of the great cruption of Vesuvius in 70 A. D. Toward such a melodramatic climax, furnished him by Nature, the author had been spinning the lives of his characters in the little city which nestled under the shadow of the volcano. The converging threads of the story

are many, giving in the final wearing a complete picture of the life of Pompell-its shops, tiny palaces, baths, forum, theater, circus, and all that daily took place in the energetic life of this toy copy of Rome at the beginning of the Christian era. The story centers around Glaucus the Athenian, brilliant, gay, witty, descendent of a nobler race frivolling himself away amid the coarser pleasures of the Ro-mans, until finally all that was flue in him was brought forth by his love for Ione of Naples, who, like himself, was a child of Greece. And alongside this tale of love runs the pathetic story of Nydia, the hillnd stave girl, who centers all her hopes of happiwho centers all her hopes of happiness in winning the affection of Glaucus. To this end she gains possession of a love potton which the oputent Julia has had prepared in the belief that it will bring to her the inneh-desired Glaucus. In reality the potton is a polson which will drive the unfortunate drinker mad. It is designed by the sinister Egyptian Arbaces to clear his path to Ione from his rival Glancus. In his raving, Glancus comes upon Arbaces just as the latter, has killed Ione's brother Apsecides, a young priest of Isls, who, much to the appoyance of Arbačes, has embraced the new Christian faith. Arbačes throws the guilt upon poor Claucus with apparent success. But the priest Calemas was a hidden witness, with the final result shown in the great episode of the book. As the crowd in the circus turned their eyes toward Vesuvins, they beheld "a fire that shifted and wavered in its hues with every moment, now fiery luminous, now of a dull and dying red, that again blazed terrifically forth with intolerable clare. Then there arese on high the universal shricks of women; the men stared at each other, but were dumb, At that moment they felt the earth shake beneath their feet; the walls of the theater trembled, and beyond in distance they beard the crash of falling roofs; an instant more and the mountain-cloud seemed to roll towards them, dark and rapid, like a torrent; at the same time it cast forth from its bosom a shower of ashes mixed with vast fragments of burning stone! Over the crashing vines, over the desolate streets, over the amphitheater itself, far and wide, with many a mighty splash in the agilonger thought the crowd of justice or of Arbness; safety for themselves was their sole thought. Each turned to fly-each dashing, pressing, crash-

ing, against the other. It was save himself who could in that right of horrors. Of the many episodes seen in the fisshes of light was that of blind Nydia guiding Glaucus to Ime, and them leading both to safety, she the only one at bome in the dark ness in which she had always lived. And then, when they had calned a ship and put to sea and all but Nydia had fallen into exhausted slumber May the gods bless you, Athenian ! she marmared, "may you be happy with your beloved, one; may you some times remember Nydis II.

A sellor, half dozing on the deck, beard a slight splash on the waters. Drowsily he looked up, and believed, as the vessel merrily bounded on, he fancied he saw something white above the waves--

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The Name Taffy.

The name Taily is a nickname for the whole Weish people. The word is simply Davy (David), pronounced with aspiration; Sawney (Alexander) the most common Scotch name; Pat (Patrick) the most common trish name; and John (John Bull) the most common English name. Each is used to designate the race or mationality to which it belongs. A similar case is that of Brother Jonathan, once com monly used to designate the people of the United States, but now largely su-1978 to 1 by Unele Sam.

Hen Chaite,

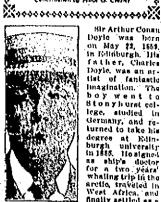
A Plercace girl says she had rather a characon.--Reston Transcript.

\$%\$ CONDENSED CLASSICS

SIR NIGEL

كإل

By BIR ARTHUR COMAN DOYLE Condinuation to Alter G. Coake



Sir Arthur Conan Doyle was horn on May 22, 1852 in Edinburgh His father, Charles Doyle, was an ar-tist of fantantic linagination. The boy went to Stonyhurst col-lege, studied in Gernany, and ra-turned to take his

degree at Edinburgh university in 1885. Ho signed for a two years' whalling trip in the arctic, traveted in West Africa, and finally settled as a doctor in South-constant expression in about stories, imagination found constant expression in about 18 days to the settled as a doctor in South-constant expression in about 18 days in Scarlet' 1837) but won his immonse popularity in 'The Adventures of Sherlock Holmes." The original of the zentus-detective was Un. Bell of Edinburgh university. The popular hero lived Basker-lines' and 'The Memoirre of Sherlock Holmes." The Hound of the Basker-lines' and 'The Return of Sherlock Holmes." Dr. Doyle drew abundantly from historical Sources for his average at Edinburgh in 1885. Hostigate a two points a supplied to the series of the series

Dr. Doyle drew abundantly from historical sources for his novels and plays. "The White Company," a stirtling romance, first introduced Birkigel as an old man. In 1805 his youthwas portrayed in the book moned for him.

was portrayed in the book moned for him.

Cohan Doyle served in a field hospital in the South African war, wrote two books in detense of the British acmy in the war, and was knighted in 1808. He has written a three-volume history of the great war.

Sir Cohan Doyle is a large, athletic man, who has neper toot his enthusinant or aports. His home in Sussex England, is filed with trophies from many parts of the world. Tennis and cricket have kept him fit for his common literary undertakings.

EVII times felt upon England in the year 1848, when the great plugue devastated the land. was during this period that the story of Sir Nigel takes place.

The house of Loring, like many an other noble family, felt the heavy hand misfortune; for after the Barons War and lawsuits with Waverly Abbey the law left nothing but the manor of Viltori for the remaining members of the family, Lady Ermyntrude and her grandson Nigel.

Nigel Loring came of a race heroes, his grandfather having fallen at the battle of Stiriling, and his father in the sea light of Stays. Nigel, his veins thrilling with the blood of a hundred soldiers, was filled with the de sire for adventure and combat; having been trained at the desire of his grandmother in skill at arms, and courage, he became also a daring rider, A times a tierce bitterness assalled Nigo at the thought of the wrongs done by the Abbot of Waverly, whom he beof their estate.

On the first day of May, the Festival of the Apostles Philip and James, consternation reigned at the Abbey, when it was found that a large pike had eaten the carp in Abbot John's fish pond. Nigel being accused of putting the pike in the pond. Abbot John and the sacrist, Brother Samuel, were in consultation upon the subject, when they were rudely interrupted by a buzz of excitement among the monks in the clotster. A white-faced brother flung open the door and rushing into the room eried, "Father Abbot, alas, alas, Brother John is dead, and the Subprior is dead, and the Devil is loose in the five virgate field."

Now what the brother called the was a great yellow horse, held at the Abbey for the debt of his owner, ranklin Aylward; such a iorse. It was sold was not to be found between the Abbey and the King's stables at Wind-

It was a sorry day that brought the horse to the Abbey, for no one there could be found who would or could tide him or conquer him; he had indeed nearly killed the Brother and the Subprior.

Abbot John and the monks, intent upon seeing, with their own eyes, this terrible creature, hurried down the stairs and cained the wall of the meadow, where looking over its top they beheld the magnificent horse standing fetlock deep in the mendow grass. Up-on this wild scene there arrived riding his pony the young Squire Loring. small of stature, but with muscles of steel, and a soul of fire; his face, though tunned with the weather, was delicate of feature. His whole appear ance made him a mark for the sight of any passer-by, but at the first glance brown face set in its golden hair and beard, and the daring light of the quick, reckless, laughing eyes, made the one strong memory left behind.

The horse was at the moment from pling his latest victim and Nigel, springing from his pony, was over the wall and at battle with the creature, proving himself master. Some discussion arose among the monks as to the killing of the yellow horse, or the giving him to Nigel as a punishment; the last succession finally won, and Nigel proceeded to further subdue the hereto fore untamable creature called 'Pere-

The horse tried to unseat his rider. but Nigel held fast and at last they were over the four-foot gate and sway Then to ik place the most notable ride ever known to that part of the world. and the author's description recording A Florence girl soys she had rather wear a cow bell than 1 of other od with the key to Nigel's whole character. A

nearly forgotten ballad upon the auti-

jeel has the following refrata; "The Doo that sped on Hade Head, The Kestril on the winde, And Nigel on the Yellow Horse

Can leave the world behinde,' After a long battle of wills, the horse wan broken and conquered; he fell in the heather with a sobbing sigh, throwlag his rider over his head stunned. The young Squire was first to recover and kneeling by the panting, over-wrought horse, he gently passed his hand over the feam-flecked face, and the withnight Pounters thrust his nose into the hollow of Nigel's hand.

"You are my horse, Pononers," Nigel whispered, and full his cheek against the criming head. "I know you, Pointners, and you know me, and with the help of Salut Paul we shall teach some other falk to know us both."

The monks of Waverly Abbey held Nigel for debts and wrongs against them and he was laded before the Ab-bet for trial, was judged guilty and sentenced to imprisonment; but when they would have resimined him, Nigel drew bla sword, which angered the Abbot, who charged bls bowman to draw his bow and defend holy clurch and her decrees. Tragedy was fundament, when Bankin Aylward, a famous archer, came to Nigel's ressue, at once attaching himself to the young Squire's service; and afterward following him into many dangers. into the midst now came a men

whose appearance dominated the scene. This was the lamous soldier, John Chandos, with a message to Nigel Loring. Said Chandos, "He who comes to seek the shelter of your roof is your Rego lord and mine, the King's high majosty, Edward of England."

Milde a guest at Tilford Abbey, Chandos' stories filled the mind and heart of Nigel with a stronger desire than ever for adventure, and he begged to go as Chandos' Squire, under the standards of the King, Edward of England, to which Chandos assented,

Nigel made his arrangements for leaving home; they were few and shaple, for he had only his Pommers, his loyal Sam Aylward, and at the last his long-wished-for suit of armor, and a small amount of gold.

There was however, one visit must be niade before leaving home, and that was to see Mary, the daughter of the old Knight of Duplin, Hving in the castle at Costord, Mary of the grave eyes of brown looking bravely at the

At the shrine of St. Catherine, Nigel and Mary said their furewells, and the roung Squire vowed to perform three noble deeds of valor in her honors ere he came to see his Mary again; but that no thought of her should stand twixt him and this honorable achieve-

Nigel sought constantly for some leed to perform and lesser ones came to hand frequently, but it was not until o was at Winshelsea, with Chandos, that his first great opportunity came.
It was found that the plans of the

attack upon the French at Calals by the Prince's army had been stolen, and it was suspected that a counting daring Frenchman, called the "Red Feralready on his way across the Chan-nel. Nicel started in pursuit, with Arlward, and other followers. After a long chase and a hard-fought buttle Nicel caught the Red Ferret and savec the English plans; but as his enemy was so willout a man Nigel begged hi life of the King and so saved him. He sent the Ferret to Mary at Costoni with the message that the first deed was accomplished.

Nicel then stormed the famous castle of the Brollinere, where lived the Knight called the "Butcher of Brohlnere," who was said never to let a prisoner escape alive from his castle. Here at great risk of his own life, Nigel rescued not only his man Sam Arlward and other comrades, but a young Frenchman who later, however, died, praising his rescuer. Then news of the second deed was sent to Mary nt Costord.

Nigel had followed on with John Chandos into Brittany when the third deed was found. There had been hat, furious fighting, and Nigel, riding Pom mers, plunged forward, unseating and taking captive one of the enemy. Having the Frenchman at his mercy, Migel might have killed him at once, or held him for ransom, but he had made a gallani fight, and out of admiration and pity the young Squire spared his life and let him go, only to discover later that he had had at his mercy

none other than King John of France. When the Prince heard the story from King John himself he excluded, For my part I had rather have the onor this Squire has gathered, than all the richest ransoms of France." Whereupon the Prince with his sword touched Nigel's shoulder as he knelt before him, and said, "England has lost a brave squire and gained a gallant knight; pay linger not, rise up, Sir Nigel." And a third message went

to Mary.
Two months later Nigel arrived at Costord, and kissing Mary's welcoming hand he said, "St. Catherine has brought me home!"

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Triumph of Art.

A young artist, out on a sketching trip, came across a living specimen of "oarefoot boy with cheek of tan, properly outfitted with rod and string of fish, and for a consideration induced him to pose for a sketch. In a few minutes there came along a man who would have been spetted instantly by a reasonably sophisticated observer as the head, theoretically at ienst, of a family. For half an hour he stood watching the artist work, then burst out in admiring enthusiasm:

"Well, sir, if that isn't wenderful! Beats all I ever saw!"

"Like the sketch, do you?" the flattered artist responded with a pleased "Sketch? Ob. that! Yes, it's all

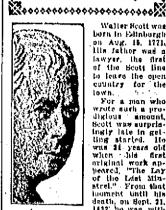
ticht, I mess. What I meant was the way you have managed to keep that boy quiet for so long."—Philadelphia Ledger,

্রেগর রক্তর বর্ণ রক্তর বর্ণ রক্তর বর্ণ রক্তর হয় বিশ্বর বিশ্বর বিশ্বর বিশ্বর বিশ্বর বিশ্বর বিশ্বর বিশ্বর বিশ্বর CONDENSED CLASSICS

THE HEART OF MIDLOTHIAN

By JIR WALTER SCOTT

Continuous by
T. L. Hood of Hernard University



Walter Scott was born in Edinburgh on Aug. 15, 1771, llis father was a

born in Edinburgh on Aug. 18, 1721. Illis fathor wad a lawyer, the strate of the Boots line to lears the open country for the lown.

For a man who write such a surprishingly late in getting started. It was 21 years old when hild first original work appeared, "The Lay of the Last Minatel." From Shat homest uppular writer in English.

When the public seemed to be thring of his long romances in verse, he turned to novel writing, and in 1814, when he was 43, he came into his career of greatness with "Waverley." For 18 years novel after movel followed in rapid succession, solvring ramances of listary or colorful tales of Recitish life. They were all published anonymously until the dihandial disaster of 1325 made it seem wise to reveal the suther's mane.

Fully a dozen of the Waverley." Novela, if not more might be helied. If no was, an Slavenson remarked the history or colorful tales of the suther's mane.

Fully a dozen of the Waverley in think that one or two more might be helied. He was, an Slavenson representative of Scott Would even then think that one or two more might be helied. He was, an Slavenson representative of Scott would even then think that one or two more might be helied. He was, an Slavenson representative of Scott would even then think that one or two more might be helied. He was, an Slavenson representative of Scott at his best. But "Old Mortality." "Quentin Durward." The Tallsman, "Guy Mannering." The Fortunes of Nigal. "The Nortality." "Quentin Durward." The Tallsman, "Guy Mannering." The Fortunes of Nigal. "The Nortality." "Quentin Durward." The Tallsman, "Guy Mannering." The Fortunes of Nigal. "The humances wriften by "the Ward: of the North."

WIR Heart of Midlothian, many called the finest of the Waverley Novels, was pub-lished anonymously in 1818. It takes its name from the Polhooth, or old city fall, in Edinburg (pulled down in 1815), the "stony heart" of Midlothian, which reared its nuclent front in the very middle of the High street of the

On the afternoon of September 8, 1730, Reinlen Buller, assistanti-master of the school at Librarion, and licensed minister of the gospel, tound himself in unexpected trouble. First of all, he laid become entangled with the crowd of good citizens of Edduburg in the Grassmarket, marmaring at the restponement of the execution of Capthin John Porteons of the City Guard.
They were still in the heat, of anger from the events of the preceding day, when Porteons had fired himself, upon the crowd sould of whom were at the crowd, some of whom were at-tempting to cut down the body of "Scotch" Wilson, the famous smuggler, Several innocent citizens had been killed. Now, that the chief offender seemed likely to escape, there was no knowing what the mob might do. The quiet young pedagegue would gladly have returned to Libberton. Then, to his consternation, he learned that Effic Deans, the raunger and more charming sister of his sweetheart Jeanle Deans. was imprisened in the Tolbooth.

When he had last seen Effie, more than a year before, she had been a beautiful and bleoming girl, the llly of Saint Leonard's. Many a traveler past her father's cottage had stopped his horse on the eve of entering Edin burg, to gaze at her as she tripped by hlm, with her milk-pail poised on her head, bearing herself so erect, and stepping so light and free under her burden that it seemed rather an ornament than an encumbrance. Now the poor girl, scarce elghteen years of age. lay in the Tolbooth, charged with child murder.

The facis were that after working for a time in a shop in Edinburg, the unhappy prisoner had disappeared for the space of a week, and then made her appearance before her sister at Saint Leonard's in a state that had rendered Jeanie only too certain of her misfortune. But to all questions she had remained mute as the grave, until the officers of justice had come to apprehend her. Before Reuben Butler could see her

the Tolbooth was closed; and before he could escape from the city a crowd of rioters compelled him to return with them to the jall and administer the last rifes to Porteous, whom they drawyed forth to death.

The leader of the mob, a young man disguised in woman's clothes, seized a moment in the midst of the turnoil In the jail to beg Effie to escape. "For God's sake—for Jour own sake—for my sake—fee, or they'll take your life," was all that he had time to say,

The girl gazed after him for a mo ment, and then, faintly muttering, "Better type life, since tint is gude fame," she sunk her head upon her hand, and remained, seemingly, as unconscious as a statue, of the noise and tumult which passed around her.

In the morning, on his way to see Jeanle and her father at Saint Leonard's, Butler encountered in the King's park a young man of noble bearing. but strangely agitated, who bade him "rell Jeanie Deans that, when the moon rises, I shall expect to meet her at Nicol Muschat's Calm, beneath Sain Anthony's chapel."

After attempting in value to induce Jeanle to explain the me-sage, he re-I turned to visit Effic again, in the Tol-Footh, only to be compelled, on his ari fival there, to tell the whole story, lest he be convicted of guilt in the Portcous affair. And then he was sent home, under ball not to feave Libberton, nor to computated with any member of the family of Eille Deans.

But if his experiences were to him incomprehensible they were by no means so to the authorities. By piecing together his testimony with those of others, they rightly determined that the stranger in the ling's park, the leader of the Porteous mob, and the father of Eille's child were one and futner of faties came were one ma-the same person; namely, Geordle Robertson, comrade of Wilson the samugater, and but lately escaped from the very prison in which Effle Denns was now confined. Accordingly, they planned to capture like that night at Muschat's Calra. But before they could reach that place, Robertson had time to beg Jeaule to save her slater of the trial by testifying that Ellio had disclosed to her her condition. Then he escaped,

Merely that allulit, falsehood would, have removed the case of Ellie Deam from under the letter of the cruel Scotch statute. But Jeanle, steadfastly, devoutly truthful, was utterly unable to placate her conscience in bensing falso witness. Nor could the dis-appointment of Effic Bernelf, whom also was at last permitted to visit in the strong-room of the prison, after her resolution. "He wanted that I sold be mansworn," she said, "I told him that I dauren awenr to an untruth."

At the trial, when Jeanle was brought in to testify, lefte, in bunnin weakness, cried, "O Jeanle, Jeanle, save met" But when the golemn onth, —"the truth to tell, and no truth to conceal, as far as she know ar was naked," was administered "In the name of God, and as the witness should an swer to God at the great day of Judg-ment," Jeanle, educated in deep reverence for the name of the delty, was glevated above all considerations save those which she could, with a clear conscience, call thin to witness. And when the advocate came at length to when the advocate came at teight to the point of asking her, [what your islater sold affect her when you in-quired?" Jeante could [only anaper, "nothing." [when the sentence was pronounced by the doomsman. Effect own eyes were the only dry ones in the court. "God forgive ye, my tonis," she said, "and dinin be angry wit he't.

suo mata, and amina ac angry with inci-for wishin it,—we at need forgiveness." The next morning found Jennie Deans travelling alone and afoot on the long road to London "to see the Queen's face that gives grabe," mid tan acreen served all the perposes of , a riding habit, and of ansumbrella a small bundle contained such changes on then as were absolutely necessary.

She had a few guineas, and a letter from Reuben Butler to the Duke of Argyle, whose grandfather had been under obligations of the deepest to the famous Bible Butler, grandfather of the poor assistant-schoolingster, now sick at Libberton.

She passed luckly, on the whole, through so weary and dhagegous a fourney, and at length, through the intercession of the duke, secured the

Pardon which she sought.

Before she reached Scotland again,
Edle had cloud with her lover, who
was in really George Staunton, son of an English nobleman. The sisters, who had last met when Ette was sitting on the hench of the condemned, hot meet again for many years, though Ludy Stanuton wrole some-times to Jeanle-now Mrs. Butler, wife of Mr. Reuben Butter, master of Knocktarlitle.

Finally, by chance, Sir George learned that Meg Murdockson, who had attended Eine in her illness, had not murdered the saidle, as they had always supposed. He traced the boy to a certain troop of vagabonds, of which Black Donald was the chief. In an affray with Black Donald's men, Sir George was shot by a young lad called "the: Whistier," who proved to be the lost son. The lad disappeared, and escaped to America. Lady Staunton, overcome by the tragedy, after value floris to drown her grief in society, retired to a convent in France. retired to a convent in France. Although she took no vows she remained there until her death. But her lafluence at court accomplished much for the children of her sister Jeanle, who lived happily on in the good par-ish with which the bounty of the Duke of Argyle had provided her hus-

The Heart of Midlothian is notable importent characters, a smaller variety of incldents, and less description of scenery than most of Scott's povels. One of the most remarkable scenes in all fiction is the meeting of the two sisters in prison under the eyes of the jailer Ratcliffe. The interview of Jeanle with Queen Caroline is also most noteworthy. There is nuch humor at the expense of the Comeronian wing of the Presbyterian faith in Scotland. In this work also appears the stronge characer of Madge Wildfire, daughter of the old crone, Meg Muri'orkson. Into her song, "Proud

Out Publishing Co. , on Post).

Maisie!

Copyria

Elked the Name.

One of the government-owned dwellings near the Union station, Washington, is occupied by a stout colored woman who has converted it into a small hotel for folks of the darker Over the door is a signboard with the inscription, "The Annex." I asked the woman to what other hotel was her place on annex. "Oh," she replied, "dat's jes de name of my botel. Dar ain't no other hotel 'nected with it. I fers picked de word 'Annex' cause it sounds high-toned like."-Washington Herald.

Animale as Weather Prophets.

Few beliefs are older at more widespread than that sulmals, and especially wild unimals. Lave furcknowledge of what the weather is to be, and something that amounts to such foreknowledge many of them doubtless detorsers, but there is no reason, and cals tear excuses, for assuming that there is a source of information may rate exposed or distribution remote enough to give any appropriate extrasion to the accepter bureouts progress Heaffens - Undergree

Newport & Providence Street Ry Co.

 $g(R^{*} - k_{1}V_{N}^{*}, \mathbf{O}) = (1 - e^{k_{1}} - e^{k_{1}})^{-1}k_{1}$

Cars Leave Washington Square for Providence WEEK DAYH-6,50, 7.40, 8.50 A M., then each hour to 8.50 P. M.

BUNDAYS-7.50 A. M,, then each hour to 9.50 P. 51.

New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

TIME TABLE (Corrected to March 28, 1920)
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BETTER LINE THAN CORSETS

Baleswoman Had to Admit That Ac-quaintance Would Be Wrong to Make a Change.

They were in Pullman seats on a night train, both making up expense accounts. One leaned over and said:
"Ever pad \$67"

"I-think not. Do you?"

"Surest thing you know. All the money I spend I make up in my ne-

Then came the usual question:

"Say, what line are you in?"
The rich society girl who had offered her services to raise money for the colossal war work campaign smiled, played the novice and parried the destine.

the question:
"What flue are you in?"

"I'm in petileoals. But if you want to make money go into correts. I was in correts five years and made a nite of maney, but you get tired of selling one line, and so I went into petticoats. But, believe me, if you want to make money go into corsets. Say, what town did you do today?"

"Did you make good?"
"Yes, I think I did fairly well."

"How much did you do?"
"About \$50,000" (the actual amount pledged to Miss — for the cam-

The saleswoman, who had considered a \$200 day in corsets good business, gasped:

"Heavens, don't go into corsets!"

YOUR WATCH A POWER PLANT Really Enormous Amount of Energy Is

Concentrated in That Luminous Radium Dial If you own a radium-dialed watch

For are the possessor of a vast power plant of no mean proportions, says the Electrical Experimenter. There is sufficient radium on your watch dial to haul your train homeward, if it could be properly applied.

As the matter stands, the innocent-looking radium dial does not seem to possess any extraordinary amount of concentrated energy, but this is only apparently the case, and not actually so; for the reason that while the amount of activity manifested by the radium paint on the dial is small, this effect will keep up for 2,500 years, provided the zinc sulphide, with which the redium is mixed so as to produce a glow, held out that long. sulphide in most cases gives out in

Now, if we could but find a way to Ease the radium release all its energy to a few hours, instead of spreading it over 2,500 years, it would not be difficult to make a motor that would

Power of Suggestion.
"I thought Oxiceson Gulch had given Up all its wild ways!" excisioned the

"Iton what is that fare layout dotig down the street?"

"It has " estd Cactus Joe.

"You mean in the savings bank? That was a bright idea of the cushier's o choosing of this. It wastes it seem tailer and now natural for the hors. The come in and leave their money, thrush it's kind of bank to convince 's they can get it talk whenever they call for it."

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA HOW PERSONS OF HAVE MADE AND LOST IM MENSE FORTUNES .- In America, it is said, there are many nen who have added a million or two dollars to their "pite" between breakfast and functions and more who have sat flown to their breakfasts able to write s check for a million, and have gone to bed without a dollar.

remarks a writer in London

Алужега,

* ***************************

It is not long since Joseph Hondley made £200,000 in five minutes by the clock on the New York cotton exchange; and before he sat down to his dinner he was 1800,000 richer than when he cracked his morning erg. The late Harriman once mule (400,000 at the rate of 150,000 a minute; and on the stics day one of his perters cleared \$10,000. Theodore Price, n few years ago; made, £100,000 in five minutes' gambling in cotton, and doubled his winnings before he went home. J. J. Livermore, who but a few years ago was office boy to a Boston broker, is credited with having added \$100,000 to his capital in less time than it takes a man to ent his brenkfost; while dur ing a recent week Putten's profits on a speculation to maize totaled \$60,000.

t400,000.

And the losses are on an equally ungaineent, sente. Joseph Leiter in one unhappy hour dropped £320,000 through a 20 cent fall in the price of wheat; Jacob Astor and two of his friends jost 1970,000 between breakfast and luncheon f and n slump in Union Pacific cost of few millionaires, including J. J. Asior and Mr. Goelet, the appulling sum of £1,800,000,

WILL MAKE MAPS FROM AIR

How Canadian Government le Planning to Locate Breeding Places of the Mosquito.

At first glance one wouldn't sny that airplanes bore much relation to mosquitoes. But they can be made to and have been made to, up in the France, valley of British Columbia, where there are great areas of lawlyng land, undeveloped and drained.

Mosquitoes have become a great post in this region, scriously reducing milk production. The Dominion government, accordingly, stationed an expert entomologist there last spring to make a survey on which effective control measures could be based.

Here is where the airplane entered. Erle Henrie, the government entomologist, had spent days in slow complination of his mosquito map, a device to show the location of breeding places.

He had tolted through marshes, and from moudialn tops, with glasses, had taken observations. Then he thought of the airpinne.

Aerial observations proved to be the ideal method, "In ten minutes aloft," declared the government entomologist, "I made more progress with my map than I had in weeks on the ground."

Mr. Hearle took o big map up with him in the airplane, and as mosquito breeding places were located indi-cated their position on the map.

British Columbia intends to use hydroplanes to perform another important function. Her forests are the most extensive and valuable in Canada, and they cover an undeveloped empire of thousands of square tilles. It is proposed to use a hydroplane ontrol system during periods of fire dan-

Hydroplanes are preferred to land machines in order that inland ponds and lakes can be used for landing

How Woodpecker Protects Trees Among the natural guardians of the trees are the woodpeckers, which gather their food as they creep round the trunks and branches. They have two toes before and two behind for climbing, and may usually be seen clinging erect to tree trunks, but rarely, if ever, with head downward. like the nutbatches and fittatce. As the food of the woodpecker is nearly as abundant in winter as in summer they are seldom migratory. They never forage in flocks, like some of the grantvorous birds whose food is more plentiful, but scatter out over wide areas, and thus better their fare. They bear the same relation to other birds that take their food from trees, as suipes and woodcocks bear to thrushes and qualis-that is, they here into the wood as the snipe bores into the earth, while thrushes and qualls seek their sustenance on the surface of the हारवाते.

How Gas Injures Plants.

The injury to plants caused by gas has been a subject of investigation by C. Webmer, a German. Continuous streams of Bluminating cas were passed through soil containing potted terhaceous plants as well as wooden plants three to seven years old. plants in their period of active growth were soon killed. Trees in late summer and early nutumn suffered chiefly from shedding their foliage, and is their dormant witter period they were little affected. Seeds were very sen-sitive to the gas, both in their resting stage and after germination had beggn. The lajury is found to be a result of active potsoning, and not mere exchasion of oxygen.

Tasman's is a far outpost of the British empire, and is not yet great in industry and trade but none the less it has nearly 2,000,000 sheep and is about to begin the business of exporting frozen meat. It is estimated that with its present flocks it can send out yearly about 100,000 carcasses of lemb and mutton.

WHY =====

Planting of Nut Orchards Would Be of Benefit

A movement has just been started to impress upon the people of the United States the cital part that not trees of all kinds must have in any sound untional or state tree-planting program in this country. Back of it are men who have achieved remarkable results through scientific experimental work in nut culture, and who are now striving to awaken the farmers of the country in particular to op-portunity. It is well known that nots, which are exceedingly rich in protein and fat, have too long been disregarded as an Hein of the staple dlet.

Nul trees in great numbers along the bational and state highways, and trees on the barren billshies, nut orchards of rarieties especially adapted to cli-mate, profile in bearing and of good savoriness into the bargata-such a program, scientifically handled, will one day, according to the belief of aularge measure to solve the problem of the nation's vanishing food supply. Such figures as these are cifed: little unt orchard 200 miles square will supply one-faird enough food to feed 100,000,000 childens. Thus 25,000,000 acres of nut trees would more thun supply the whole people of the United States with their two most expensive food products—protein and fat."

COULD NOT AFFORD BREAKAGE

Why Indians of North and South America Were Forced to Become Weavers of Baskets.

Many of the Indians of North Ameranny of the Indians of North America art the present time/are/experts in weaving water-tight baskets, of reeds and roots. In South America they are weven from the native palm fronds. The Indians of South Merica are skilled busket weavers and are noted among the different tribes for their cunning disposal and adapt ability of whatever substance is most convenient.

In nominally indian races it become an acute necessity to possess un-breakable cooking and dining uten-sits, so the resourceful housewife instead of burning all of her twisted grass bundles began to find in them the possibilities she craved for as yet in her movable cupboard were no pleces of pottery.

Basketry predated pottery for ages,

but when the two were interlinked a great advance was made in household economics.

Why Files Make Dear Milk.

Many dire things have been blamed on the neticities, of files, but it remained for no Obto farmer to demonstrate by actual experiment that the pests were responsible for a decreased milk supply. Owning 20 cows, he devised a home-built fly trup, and after it had been in operation a week calculated the difference in milk production. He was obtaining eleven gallons a day more than when the files were unrestricted in their pernicious activities.

This man built a lean-te, through which the herd passed. Across it in the middle were flexible curtains fitting closely about the cow, which brushed the files off. The dairyman following closed both doors, leaving the flies to cluster on a window where they were quickly shot to death with a fly powder.-Hartford Times,

Why Ear Screens Are Valuable. Persons who are in the field to patent new articles with the hope of n ing their fortunes should consider the ear screen. The need for some sort of protection to keep the ears from serving as recentneles for dust; sand and soot is brought more forcibly to one's attention during these windy days. Must's have long been used to conserve the warmth of the ears; the cleanliness of their devious passages might be insured by a shield of light gauze fitting snugly over the external appendages and effectively screening out the swirling dusts. Women protect their ears with puffs of hair; they have vells for their faces. Perhaps men would buy ear screens,

Why Sacrifice is Great.

There's a staying power in the sacrifices of men. Others may dle through lack of vision, but not the man of sacrifice. He compensates poverty of material things through riches of convic-Others may give the world dollars. He gives it the vision born of his soul that makes the increase of the dollar possible. In spite of hope he may die in poverty, but through his poverty countless others become rich. It's something to be looked forward to only by great souls, for only the greatest souls can toll on without appreclation or reward sure in the fact that they become benefactors to men.

How Indian Girl Won Fame, The part played by Wisconsin's citireas of Indian descent in the World war has won for them a deserved tribute of widespread admiration. Fepeople are aware of the creditable achievement, on record at the state historical library of a Wisconsin Indian girl in the pleasanter field of constructive civilization. Nancy Skenandore was born at Oneida, the Indian reservation near Green Bay, in June, 1861. In 1899 she graduated from a Connecticat training school for nar-es and practiced her profession until her death in 1918. In the church entrace int Onelia is a brenze fable; to be immenory which stores that she is all One Deltan trained conservation from States - Million to Control

Indian Silk.

There are 1.000,000 persons in India engaged in the production of silk. Caterpillars and moths of the mulberry silk industry of India are entirely domesticated creatures.

CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF THE Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over thirty years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his perand has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this, All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Oplum, Morphine ner other narcotic substance. Its

neither Oplum, Morphine ner other narcotle substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constigution, Flatulency, Wind Collo and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, alds the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort,—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of hat Hitcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years The Kind You Have Always Bought"

TYPIFIED SPIRIT OF FRANCE

Elderly Peasant Woman Proud That Her Beloved Country.

"While I was la France several other hoys and I were laking a Sunday after-noon like and as we approached a litand on the and as we approached a ne-the village we overtook a poor peas-ant woman, whose back was bent with toll and care, whose bath was gray with years of suffering, slowly hobbling along carrying a heavy pair of wooden shoes on her feet and pushing a wheelbarrow toaded with little pieces of wood that she had spent hours in gathering," says the "Flying Parson," "Lieut, Belvin W. Maymard, in his grticle, "The Thrill of High Adventure." in Boys' Life. "One of the boys offered to push the wheelbarrow for her, but she, being so unaccustomed to such fuvors, looked at him in astonishment as though she thought he wished to stenl

"Soon she was convinced he was friendly and allowed him to push her wheelbarrow for her. The expression of joy and happiness that beamed through the wrinkles of her careworn face I shall never forget. She insisted that we go to her home with her. Wa dld, and there found an humble little stone building, anattractive, unfinished, and with no modern conveniences to add to its comforts. Seated in this cold, damp little but she told us of real sacrice. Although its floor was stone, its slove, which was the fire-place, its table, and its beds were all in one room, it was a home, and within its walls had been born and reared three stalwart and brave sons of France, who had given their lives for their country. This poor woman-I thought she must be poor-was happy and proud. Proud that she had given three sons to the cause of France. To her they could not have been born for a more noble cause. She would not have had them die otherwise. Was zhe poor? Far from it. With zuch a spirit no one can be poor."

Daddy's Status .

Barbara and Helen were spending Christians day thoroughly enjoying the gifts Santa had left for them, Barbarn, the older sister, had spent the previous summer in the country, where her father, a doctor, had thought it advisable to have her. Helen showed herself partial to a big toy horse, upon whom she had contemplated bestowing a name, when she turned to her elster with the remark: "I wonder is this a girl horse or a boy

With an Indifferent shrug of the shoulders Burbara said: "I don't

Helen's rejoinder came promptly: "You ought to know; you were in the country long enough last summer." Just then the children's father came into the room, and Barbara suggested they "ask daddy,"

To this Helen haughtly replied: "He alo't no horse doctor; he's a person doctor."

Sweetness of Revenge. Timothy Brown was a commercial traveler and a valuable asset to his

On one of his periodical rounds he included in his list of calls a certain yam merchant, Jones Perkinsby name -a crotchety. Ill-natured individualwho invariably treated Timothy with the greatest of discourtesy, and who on more than one occasion had torn his card up in his presence and thrown It on the floor. As becomes a good connercial traveler, however, Timothy was nadaunted and rowed to

ing the earl the usual wrench. "What I it is plainly not to throw ourselves the-" But here he foterrupted him across the track, to those improvement self with a yell of pain, accompanied and at till we are stone, but to watch by a ministure war dance. Timothy's card was made of enam-

eled tin :-- London Tit-Blis.

All A hours off control of the contr Thought Cape Ann Greenland. Cape Ann, which furnished a bleak and barren haven for adventurous ex-

plorers, was settled temporarily only three years after the Mayflower arrived at Plymonth. Some evidence indicates that Thorwald's "Cape of the Cross," which he thought to be a pro-lection of Greenland, was, the block Cape Ann, Capt. John Smith landed on what is now Cape. Ann, and called it Tragablgzanda in honor of a Turk-ish Pecahontas who did not risk her head, but who fed him white he was a prisoner. Cuptain Smith explored the coast willin two decades before the Pligritus came. Reports like that of Captain Smith

"angling with a book, and crossing the aweet air from lale to fale" attracted many English fishing vessels, . However, the early settlers seem to have sought their subsistence, largely through agriculture. It was not until 1700 that the northeast corner of Massachuselts became identified partleutarly with fishing.

Enjoyed Long Life. They grow 'em long and hardy in the village of Shifnal, which claims the longevity record for England.

Headstones in a churchyard are cited, the two star exhibits being the stones of William Wakley, "aged one hundred and twenty-four and upward," and Mary, wife of Joseph Kates, aged one bundred and twenty-seven, who married a third husband at ninety-

Wakley lived in the reigns of eight kings and queens.

Playing Safe.
Mr. Hardfuce—No, dear; I can't kiss
you here; it's too light.

Miss Manchester-But you kissed me on this very spot last night, under the electric light.

Mr. Hardiface-True; but this is daylight, and some one might get a rangshot of me with a concealed camera.

Tough Willie, "So you're been fighting again, Wil-

"Sure. You don't suppose I could get an eye like this attendin' Sunday school, do you?"

Like String.
Wilson-You can say what you like about Goodefellowe, but he's as straight BH a piece of string. Walters-Yea, and just as easily

Customs Worth Preserving.

In Bayario, before the war at least, there were all sorts of kindly little don't celebrations and other things which made life friendlier and more pleasant. If an employee had remained in the same place for five, seven, ten years, etc., his employer frequently gave him sort of little jubilee celebration. Nor did the employees forget the chief's hirthday or "nameday." Nothing ex-pensive—a glass or two of wine, a cake, a little friendly speech.

A Learned Capital.

Asrau, capital of the Swiss canton of Argoria, possesses one of the hardest working libraries in the world, Though the library consists of only 80,000 volumes—which is not so large as public institutions go in the United States-the population of the capital liself is only 10,000. With eight volunces per inhabitant, the library of Agrau has just cause to boost of Reelf as a ministure Athens.

Things Mend. Every that of history inspires a con-

Le revenzed.

In due course he called on his friend again and presented his card.

"Halloai" shoated old Perrins, give the profile to it is a moral of all a deep in the moral of all a deep in the marginal Hope.

"Halloai" shoated old Perrins, give the profile to it is foreforms. Our terms the track, to blook improvement the uprise of successive mornings and to conspire with the new works of new days.—Emerson

Special Bargains

fall and Winter, Woolens.

Comprising the best goods and styles to be found in torsign or comesto fabrics at a per cent, less than our regular prices. This was do in order to make room for our Spiling and Summer styles, which we will cecles about Feb. 25. We guarantee the make-up of our goods to be the best and to give general satisfaction.

J. K. MCLENNAN, 184 Thomes Street

NEWPORT, R. I.

HAS FINE TRAITS

Animal Trainer Reveals Facts About Elephant.

Says the Brute is Both Tender and Af-fuctionate, Though He Will Hold Grudge Against One Who Has Abused Him. 31

An elephant lives to a great age and comes to mainty stowyly, and is not integrated until from thirty-five to forty years old. It is a mistake to think an elephant is clumsy because the looks so. In proportion to its size anti-elephant is much lighter on its feet than a horse, and can outrup most horses for a short distance, and there is no one, of an elephant's four feet that he cannot sirike or kick quickly

An elephant can stand considerable cold if he is kept moving. I have taken elephant in Bridgeport, fitted bags over their cars and talls and worked them up to their cars and talls and worked them up to their belies in the mow them up to their beilles in the snow pushing ears without its doing them any harm. On the other hand, I lost a fine despine to the cold, writes George Conkling in the Saturday Eyening Post.

The elephant is the most affectionate of animals and will watch over and protect a favorite keeper, and he will also libit a gridge against one for some time, watching for an opportunity to get even with hinds! But I do not

to get even with hind. But I'do not believe those popular stories of eleplants that have remembered being cheated . by strangers , and saquirting opportunity after the lapse of years.

An angry elephant, however, is a dangerous thing, and an elephant

keeper who is rough is always running a risk. A cross elephant is usually made so by the keeper. Some men are naturally cruel and are willing to do anything to satisfy their desire to show off. This is apt to be a fault of new men around elephants. I knew of the case of a fellow called Bayon Bill, who was with the Jerry Mable show. An elephant put her trunk round his shoulders, pulled him of his horse and bofore anyone could prevent she put one of her feet on his legs, pulled him in two and threw the pieces over herback. I have also known many instances of men being squeezed to death between a wall and an elephant's head or under its foot. But from a keeper or trainer who treats them properly an eleplant will accept punishment, and when it has given in the man can do almost anything with it and the ani-mal will not lay it up against him.

In spile of its great size the elephont is quite (finid. A strange animal or an unfamiliar noise will start him in a panic. Once Tody Hamilton, the Barnum & Balley press agent, had me demonstrate to a group of New York reporters how casy it was to frighten an elephant. It was at the winter quarters in Bridgeport. We had at the time some two or three dozen elethem. There was a commotion at onco. They snorted and squeated and kicked -and, by the way, they can use their hind legs like gatting guns. I also put some rats in among them, and they were just as afraid of them. If they had not been well chained the whole

bunch would have run away. Elephants are driven from the near, or left, side, like oxen. The driver tells them to shy when he wants them to go to the right and says "come in bring them toward bim, " 30He" means to go fast; "mule up" to trot, and when he wants them to stop the driver calls out "tut."

Misinterpreting His Motive.

At about three o'clock one morning -according to Toby, M. P.-Mr. T. P O'Connor was ornting in the house of commons to 12 or 15 members lying about in various stages of drowsi-

Sir Patrick O'Brien was amongst them and, now and then rescuing blm self with a start from falling asleep, audibit engaged in conversation

"I protest against this disorderly conduct!" exclaimed Mr. O'Connor, at length. "The honorable baronet is constantly interrunting me!

"Sir," replied Sir Patrick, with a graceful how, "the honorable gentleman misinterprets my motive. I interrupted, it is true; but it was with the intention of waking the honorable gentleman's audience." — Pearson's

Introductions.

"I want to have a bill introduced to congress—" began the emphatic citi-

"All right," replied Senator Sorghum "But I can tell you in advance that introducing a bill in congress is like any other kind of an introduction. It will result to a few minutes of pleasant courtesy, but it doesn't necessarily lead to any substantial acquaints

I in Apollo Then. Mand-use that's the young fellow on were raving about. I thought you said he was hardsome.

Ethel-d-I thought he was, see. I met him at Exclusive beach and he was the only man there.—Boston Treescript.

anther General Hill The Mercury.

PERLISHED BY MERCURY PUBLISHING CO.

tings Telephone

Saturday, 111ay 15, 1920

A food shortage for this fall in New England is predicted by the department of Agriculture. The season is one month behind and the planting is not covering more than half the area of former years.

The Senate is to vote on the peace resolution today. There is no doubt about its passage in that body and there is likewise no doubt but that the President would veto it and thereby throw in another firebrand for raising a conflagration in his own party.

The Fourth instalment of the Litorary Digest's presidential poli fur-ther emphasizes that the country as a whole is interested in the candidacies of but three men-Leonant Wood, Himm Johnson and Herbert Hoover, Of 11,000,000 posteards circulated, more than 800,000 have been returned and 716,578 tabulated. The totals are: Wood 136,182; Johnson 118,016; and Hoover 113,008.

Of the \$21,431,527,368 Liberty honds and Victory notes originally issued there were outstanding on April 30, \$10,075,887,113. Continuous selling pressure has resulted in a discount in the selling price of the bonds of \$2,-165,092,719, or 10.8%.
A loss of over two billions in Uncle

Sam's securities is too much. The Government should protect the purchasers of these bonds.

Ex-President Tait, speaking at Chicago, said: "The letter sent by President Wilson announcing that the Domocratic party should at once pro-claim itself the uncompromising champion of the Versailles treaty and condemn the Lodge reservations, is a most violently destructive letter. Mr. Wilson is the greatest obstructionist in Washington. He desires to destroy all if he cannot get all. The Lodge reservations leave the treaty ricarly as effective as it is without them." Ex-President Take President Wilson as long as he could.

MOST IMPORTANT FOR NEW-TORT

Mr. Grinnell is right. One of the first details for the new Chamber of Commerce to discuss (and accomplish) is the securing of a first class hotel. The proposed bridge over Mount Hope Bay between Bristol Forry and Bristol should not long ongage the attention of this body as it is wholly inconceivable that it can be secured. This resolution creating a commission to look into its advisability was a political move, pure and simple, and no member of the Legislature nor anyone familiat with legislation expects anything more to come of it. It is probable that when Sonstor Connery of Bristol introduced his bill to create the commission he did not dream that even that would pass, but the exigencies of the session of the General Assembly brought it about. But a hotel for Newport is a different proposition. If the Chamber of Commerce can bring us a good hotel it will have accomplished its mission even though it never does any-

THE HIGHER STANDARD

Don't blame other people for all the profiteering and dishonesty and hoggishness and class spirit from which the country is now suffering. Look right into your own heart, and see if at home.— Then clean up your own house before you find!fault with your

The ills of which the world is now complaining may seem to have been caused by the war. But their seeds were planted long before. The Gere has a failed than 45 fbs. of butterfat or 1100 hs. of milk during 80 days. On of man people precipitated the whole this number Rescale Farm at Riverthing, in attempting to enlarge their point, owned by B.B. & R. Kriight, had territory and wealth by armed force | point, owned by B.B. & R. Kriight, had No other great power of modern times ever made any such attrodious attempt as this. But in lesser ways which profoundly corrupt daily life, the same spirit is manifested in all peoples.

Long before the war you could hear business men defend bribery of voters and public officials. They said there was no other means of getting fustice. In essence that is about the same thing as gaining your way by armed force. It is simply substituting the power of money for the power

of game Many corporations and business men became infected with this spirit and conducted business as a game of grab. It was natural for their workens to imitate them, and force exceptacre of their demands by intimidation, violence, and promotion of class feeling. Bitter class antagonisms have press. up. Different elements that should co-operate as friends have learned to look at each other as ex-

emies and to fight each other. The nation can make no progress on this basis. Every individual and every group of people must link into their own bears, and cast out-Le spint of selfish press and that i stilling All most unsee for comme Filis or a basis of fairmers and junthe std matual emilieration.

ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL ASSOCI-ATTON

Many prominent Republicans are named as incorporators in the charter granted by the Senate to the Roosevelt Memorial Association, Among the number on the first board of trustees are Austen Coigate, T. Coleman du Pout, John H. Finley, James R. Garfield, James P. Goodrich, Judson Harnton, George Harrey, Will H., Hays, Charles E. Hughes, Hiram W., Johnson, Otto H. Kahn, Henry Cabot Lodge, William Loob, Jr., Clarence H. Mackey, George W. Potkins, Gifford Pinchot, Raymond Roblins, Rilling Root, Oscar S. Straus and Leonard Wood. The purpose of the bill is "to perpetuate the inemory of Theodore Roosevelt for the benefit of the people of the United States and of the world." The plans of the Association include the crection of a monument to Roosevell in Washington and the opening of a public park at Oyster Bay, N. Y., the home of the former President for a number of years.

THE TWO-CENT PIECE

The memory of Theodore Roosevelt s so cherished, that it may prove neceesary to invent a new coin in order to give his rugged face a place of honor in dally life. At least, that seems the most plausible explanation of the action of the Senate in passing the bill for a Roosevelt two-cent

That unit of column became thusoughly unpopular many years ago, and was dropped by general consent. A proposal to restore it could hardly have passed on its own merits,

But ennobled by the features of the ardent and warm hearted Theo-dore, even a humble and undesired coin could become popular. So it has been with the Lincoln cent. That meanest of all coins, so insignificant in the present scale of prices, acquired a new value when it became nesociated with the features of a great American.

ROMD DRESSMAKING

The report comes from pattern dethat serota shoon on to atmention the high prices for clothing have enconraged a lot of women to go in for home dressmaking. There has been a greatly increased sale of piece goods, while a falling off in sales of readyto- wear stuff is reported in many

In times when ready-made goods were sold cheap many women felt that they got almost no return for time they put into home dressmaking. But at the present price for clothes, the needlewoman ought to be well required for time and effort.

The dear old aurties that used to make men's trensers of wide and ca-pacious build, could find plenty of business now. The needle is the littlest tool in the whole human workshop. But the thrifty use of it has been the starting point of half the great fortunes.

COWS IN COW TESTING ASSOCI-ATIONS IN THE STATE MAKE GOOD RECORDS

48 Cows in One Association Make Over 1100 Pounds of Milk or 45 Pounds of Spitterfat in One

Cow resting associations in this State are proving their worth. Two ni nofferego ni wor era enofferesa the southern part of the State; one is in operation in Newport County; and one is about to start in Providence

About 2000 cove are being tested and some good records are being made. In Southern R. I., Cow Testing Association No. 1 in April Lippitt Farm, owned by Robert Knight of Hope, R. I., had the high cow, a purebrod Ayrshire, with a record of 1680 pounds of milk and 74.98 pounds of butterfat. The Warwick Town Farm was a close second with a grade cow that gave 1545 pounds of milk and 71.07 pounds of fat. There were in this association 45 cows which made 25 cows. In Southern R. I. Cow Testing Association No. 2 we find in April a row owned by the R. I School for Feeble Minded making-the high records with 815 lbs. of milk and 42.1 lbs. of butterfair with a close second swined by Charles Houston, Neurepeasen Pier, making 1085 lis, of mile and 4125 That of botterfail.

The association in Newport County टेब्ब्यू **४ क्टॉर्टियत** देस्य तमाद स्टांटिवित स

Not only are the high producing come being shown up but the poor come are also being pointed out showing to the farmer the arima's which are losing money for 12- 1: is found that some time are making wife at a feet com of about 5 cents

PORTSMOUTH

(Promjour regular gorrespondent) Monthly Meeting of Town Council and Probate Court

All the members were present on Monday at the town ball when the monthly meeting of the town coun-ell and produce court was held in the

afternoun.

Mr. William B. Anthony was appelited danings apprinter, to illi the position resigned by Mr. Rowland L.

position resigned by Mr. Rowland Is thate. The ordinances regulating the driving and moving of cattle over the public highway on Sunday was adapted.

Thomas Birtwistle of Island Park was appointed a police constable.

Voted, to meet Tuesday, May 18th, at 7.30 n. m., (Standard time), to prejace a fary list according to law.

A plan submitted by Tiden & Thurber, for a bronze tablet act in a grantice boulder, as a nicinorial for service men, was accepted.

A number of bills were ordered paid and various licenses were granted. Implaceount of Leon bennay, administrator of the estate of Oliver Leonary, was allowed and ordered recorded.

od.

The petition of Rowens Croncher for letters testamentary on the estate of William J. Croncher, was referred to June 14.

The petition of Mrs. Clara Macomber and others that John Gillet be appointed administrator on the estate of Eliabeth Gillett was continued to June 14.

The petition for guardian of Reary Gillett was also continued.

The sale which was held at the Chapter Rouse of the Colonel William Ration Chapter on Wednesday was well attended. Mr. John T. Gardner acted as auctioneer. Dogs attacked the sliegh belonging to Mr. William W. Antiony, four of which were bitten, Two sheep were so badly bitten that they had to be killed.

Mus. William B. Clarke entertained in honor of her birthday, Mrs. Faunte Authony, Mrs. Mary Tallman, Mrs. William F. Brayton, Mrs. Howard Pierce and Muriel C. Pierce.

Miss Annie King and her sister, Mrs. Sarah K. Birchhead, have ar-rived from New York and will spend the summer at their home, "Kast-over."

Mrs. Fish, who has been seriously ill at the home of her son-in-law, Mr. A. Leland Borden, has been carried to the Newport Hospital.

The members of the Ladies Ald So-ciety of the Union Christian Church gave a cold meet supper and enter-tainment in the Yestry of the Union Church on Friday evening.

The Oliphant Reading Club held a nussicale at the home of Mrs. John R. Coggoshall on Union street in place of the regular meeting. A short business meeting proceeded the musical program, which was in charge of Mrs. John P. Peckham, who sang several songs, accompanied on the piano by Miss Alice C. Banning of Newport. Others rendered selections also.

The Epworth League of the Methodist Episcopal Church held its annual meeting at the home of Mrs. Amanda Cross of Twerton. The following officers were elected:

Tresident—Mrs. Sidney T. Hedley, First Vice President—Charles B. Ashley.

Second Vice President—Mrs. Chas. B. Ashley.
Third Vice President—Miss Alice N. Trayton.

Brayton. Fourth Vice President-Pavid P.

Hostey.
Sceretary—Ermost C. Cross,
Treasurer—William Cross,
Organist—Miss Martha A. Ashley,
At the conclusion of the business
moeting games were played and music was enjoyed. The hostess served
refreshments.

Mrs. Elmer Peckham of Tiverton as returned to her home after a visit ith her mother, Mrs. N. Horace Peckhani

The Thursday Circle, composed of 14 members, are greatly pleased with the success of the lobster salad supper which was held at the Rectory of St. Mary's Church; \$60.00 was cleared.

Miss Irone Sewall has returned to the home of her parents. Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Sewall, after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dow, in

Mr. and Mrs. Perry G. Randall have had as guests Mr. J. Mortimer Eich-mond and Mr. Henry Thompson of Providence.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Anthony, Jr., and the happy parents of a son, form May 11th. Miss Cors Mischell of "Wellow

Brook," will spend the summer with Mrs. Letitis Lawton of Bristol Ferry. Mrs. Ivory P. Lowe of Exeter, New

Jersey, has arrived and will spend the summer at her cottage on Glen-Mr. and Mrs. George Anthony have had electric lights installed in their bome and farm buildings.

Mr. and Mrs. George Martin of Frontience have opened their certage at Briscol Ferry, where they will spend the summer.

Miss Sarah J. Eddy, who has been spending the winter at Passdens, California, has returned to her home at Bristol Ferry.

The members of St. Paul's Guild met on Hurreday at the house recently purchased for a rettory, to clean the wall paper off the walls preparatory to repapering before the company of Bert and Mrs. Charles Harriman, most their return from their honey.

The series of about 5 cents of about 5 cents of the control of the control of about 5 cents of the control of t

BLOCK ISLAND

(Fram our segular correspondent)

Inttlation

Mucha Washington Council, No. 20, Sons and Daughters of Liberty, at their regular meeting last Fishay night indisted a class of twelve. After the initiation and business meeting a supper was served in the banquet room, the deficacles being prepared by a committee consisting of Educy Alica, Mrs. Elmer Alica, Mrs. Ned Alica and Mrs. Elmer Alica, Mrs. Ned Alica and Mrs. Bettle Alica, From 11 until 1230 dancing was enjoyed in Melegan Halt.

Mrs. 83 hin Barber Hickelson.

The entire populace of Black Island was deeply grieved last Wednesday norming when the news was Bashed over the telephone of the death of Mrs. Sylvia Wilcox Barber Rickelson at her mother's home in Providence.

dence.

Sylvia was but eighteen years of age, the oldest daughter of the late. Matthew S. Barber and Lon (Palmer) Barber, born in Westerly, R. I., May

actions. S. Barber and Lon (Palmer)
Matthew S. Barber and Lon (Palmer)
Uarher, born in Westerly, R. 1., May
6th, 1902.

When but sky years of age she came
to Block Ishand with her parents and
attended the local schools, graduating
from the Island High School in June,
1918. From her Anst school days
Sylvia showed that desire for knowedge and delight in its acquisition
which marks the true scholar. As
Yaledicturian of her class [1918] her
easay entitled "Patetotism and the
Flag," portrayed in no unnistabable
manuler her enprest and thoughtful,
character.
Her father died in 1910. In September, 1918, with her grandmother,
mother and sisten, she removed to
Providence, entered housiness school
and in a few months accepted a position as accombant in a large retail
establishment. Her engagement to
Ensign Herbert, B. Ricketson, U. S.
N., son of Copiesin Brad, Ricketson
of the Steamer Mount Hope, had been
previously amounted. Mr. Ricketson
returned from service abroad in 1919.
On August 7 they were married by
Rev. Horace A, Roberts, paster of the
First Haptist Church of Block Island,
at her möther's home. On her next'
bithday, Wedusalay, May B. 1920,
Sylvia "passed to where beyond these
voices there is viernal peace."
"A shimple story of a bret charactor, sha touched overy heart. The
people of Hock Island logether with
the mother and slater mount the loss,
but cherish the memory of one endeared to the hearts of all.

23rd Market Whist

A Skidon party teatured the

23rd Market Whist

· Columbia Wid-Month Records

Lazy Mississipni—Comptell & Burr Rose of Vinginia—Burr A 2249—\$1.00

That Wonderful Kid-Jolson Ulf See You in Cuba Kaufman A 2885-\$1.00

Abe Kabibble at the Ball Game Abe Kabibble Dictates a Letter A 2007-\$1.00

When My Baby Smiles at me-Ted Lewis Jazz Rose of Washington Square— Kentucky Serenaders A 228-31.00

Mrs. Emeline Wilcox has had as specified for some Mrs. Harry Wilcox of The Croccolle-Fix Trut A 2910-31 (0)

Poll-h-Molley-Waitz In Stadouland Waitz A 5147-51,25

Phoharmonic Orch. of N. Y. M. kado Mediev (Mile. Modiste Mediev. A 6148- \$1.50

Any of these records sent to you by Parcel Post. If you don't receive our Monthly Catal sense, let us have your name and we will see that you do

PLUMMER'S MUSIC STORE NEW PORT, R. L.

WEFELY CALEFDAR, MAY, 1994 STANDA, DOOME

THE STATE OF

Fire Quir May 6th 116 evening. Fill Moon May 16th, 16th evening. Last Quar, May 21th 606 evening. New Moon May 18th, 118 morning.

Washington, D. C., May 15, 1920.

Washington, D. C., May 16, 1920.
Watm waves will reach Vancouver, B. C., about May 10, 20, 27 and June 2, and temperatures will rise on all the l'acific slope. Cross crest of flockles by close of 17, 21, 28 and June 3 plains sections 18, 22, 20 and June 3 plains sections and lower Mississipply valleys 19, 23, 30 and June 6; reaching vicinity of Newfoundland about May 21, 25, June 1 and 7.

This bulletis will be published white the first sections will be published white the first sections will be published while the first sections but may belog rain to some dry sections in the middle southwest. The sections had any belog rain to some dry sections in the middle southwest. The sections of the southwest. The sections of the southwest. The sections of the southwest will be the most severe. Better watch both of them. Lan ennethra flands

will be the most severe. Rotter watch both of them. I am expecting floods from these great storms in the great central valleys but can not now more definitely locate them.

Next Bulletin will contain the charted forecast for Juno and a new feature. The intensity, or force of storms is very important. Without severe storms we would not get sufficient rain. I have placed a broken line on the chart. Where that line goes toward the top I expect the storm to be greatest semoyhere on the continent where that broken line goes induced. But you must read the little-tims carefully and remember what you read, in other to know when to expect the precipitation to reach your locality. I regard this method of forecasting the storm forees and precipitation as important dad easily understood.

Sovere storms are expected during the (week centering on idane 4 and, following them, frosts will go further south than usual. Those storms will be the end of the present kind of cropweather. Sloyrly, gradually rainfall will increase in two-thirds of the sections that have been too dry and decrease in the validities of the sections where it has been too wet. The general results will be favorable to better cropweather and before prospects for good crops.

I am receiving many letters from farmers asking it it is advigable for them to sell their grain and cutton. Of course I cannot mover all these letters directly, but in my noxt limiters and dealers are getting invaled over the world. I will carbrally study both during the coming week, Parmers are at a great disadvantage in these matters because market values are liable to change materially in a week. If I could I surely would assist farmers, because market values are liable to change materially in a week. If I could I surely would assist farmers, because it prefer than that all the profits

were staged until the village clock pealed forth the hour of twelve. The Royal Blue and Gold Entertainers and the Glee Clib stringed orchestra con-tributed the musical numbers.

Captain Will Hooper of the Green Hill-Coast Guard Station is enjoying a ten days' furlough at the home of his mother on Main street.

Wm. Earl Dodge arrived on the Island last Sunday for a two weeks' stay with his parents at their home, the Dodge Collage, on High street.

Carl Smith of the Fred T. Lee Con-struction Co., New York City, spent Monday and Tuesday with his mother, Mrs. Bertha Smith, on High street.

Mrs. Effic D. Echols of New York City, who recently purchased the Con-necticut House, has arrived on the Island and is already making exten-sive alterations preparatory to the opening of the aummer season.

New Pupils Register

New Pupils Registered at the New Harbor Dancing School last Monday evening and enjoyed with the already large class one of the most delightful hops and socials of the season, the festivities continuing into the wee hours of the following morning. Mrs. K. A. Hacking of Providence, who is conducting the classes, is highly elated with the showing thus far made by the class in general.

Narry a builded monds including

is highly elated with the showing thus far made by the class in general.

Nearly a hundred people, including meny of the fair sex, motored or strolled up to the Athletic Field last Sunday afternoon and witnessed Sim Willis' local Indians in a runaway scalp fest with Henry Heinz's embryo diamond performers as opponents. Some of the boys are showing good form, but there is a whole lot of room for improvement yet.

Tuesday afternoon the U. S. S. Fulton dropped anchor in the New Harbor and, according to one of the gold braid boys, the Fultonians boast of a speedy outfit of hall tossers. According to present plans they expect to keep their "Ball-yard" Battlers on the soil from now until September and they are anxious to take a few falls out of the New Shorehamites.

The local baseball committee will probably get boys within the next few days and send an S. O. S. call to Providence and try to fit the local warriors out with a full size coupment of working-tools and uniforms. In the meantime, the fans are just itching to set in at a regular geme, munch peanuts and poke a few elams at his highness the Umy, and at the same time give Unde Saro's ters the once-over.

J. William Fitzgereld, who kee here appression with the Recoduse.

RESOLUTIONS TO THE MEMORY OF TWO NEWPORT MEN

At the annual meeting of the Ithoda Island Library Association, held in Providence on Menday, the following resolutions respecting the late Col. William Paine Shellfeld and the Into Richard Illias, both of this city, offered by George T. Hinckley, Librarinn of Redwood Library, Were unan. imously adoptedt . .

William Palne Bhemeld

William Paine Shelled

In the thitimely death of William Paine Shelled October 19, 1919, the Illusto Island Library Association has lost an homoted life nicimber and the library interests of this State a wise connected in an attention any interests of this State a wise connected in and statutch supporter. Of a family that has been long and prominently identified with the libraries of Newnort, Mr. Byelled more than any other one person was the representative of them all. For many years he served the Redwood Library, first as its secretary and later as a Director and Chalmann of its Executive Committee. At the Proples Library he succeeded his father as its President, He was also a Vice President of the Newport Historical Society. Although one of the busiest of more, he yet maintained an active and intelligent interest in the affairs of all the institutions with which he was connected and preprinting he did for them was so extremely well done as to occasion represents that he could not passibly spare the time to do even more. His power of grasping all the defails of the subject under discussion was fully reinstable, as was his ability to make an impatrial exposition at mister in controversy. Mr. Bloeffeld became a life member of the Rhode Island Library Association in 1908.

Hichard Bilgs

Richard Biles

Richard Bilas on January 7, 1920, removes from our midst a veteran librarian, a scholar whose learning extended over many flolis, a scholar of standing, and a water color painter of no mean ability. Originally coming to Nowport as a member of the Northern Transcontinental Survey, Mr. Bilas became taberatan of the Redwood Library October 1, 1884, where he remained until September 39, 1914—exactly thirty years. Under his administration the library was entirely re-classified and re-catalogued along moldern lines, and desille extremely limited funds an extraordinarily well selected collection was assembled which will long remain his greatest monument. Ar. Bliss Joined the Rhode Islaid Library Association in November, 1903 and remained, at member, until his death, library the year 1909-10 he served as its President.

The Recision of the Supreme Court of the United States on the legality of the prohibition amendment is expected to be handed down next Mon-



Shoes for Spring

NEW STYLES for flils season's wear, in footwear of every kinds

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No COKE for Sale

AT PRESENT

DH, FRIDTJOF NAMSEN.

Horwegian Explorer May Head Hepatriation Mission.



Washington -- Or, Teldijat Kansen, the Norwegian explainer, probably will head the organization to be set up by the Lengue of Nations for the purpose of reportability 20,000 German, Austilia and other war prisoners will had in illusia. Reports to be submitted to the based contails to the submitted to the laugue council at Itome this month any that unless these then are rescued from their prison camps in kiberia be-fore next winter, few are likely to sur-vive. They have been in captivity for

GOV. COOLINGE VETOES BILL FOR 2,75 BEER

Baye It Would Bring the People No Beer, Since to Act on it Would Be "a Crime."

Boston .- devernor [Coolfdge] veloca the foculted 2.75 pur cent bour bill, which would permit the sale of light white and beer, on the ground that He Dassage would be "hypociay."

The general oplules is that the veto will be sustained, even though the bill passed the senute 20 to 6 and the house 145 to 83,

The governor's veto reads: "There is little satisfaction in altempting to decoive ournelves. There is grave danger in attempting to decoive the people. If this act word placed on the statute books of this commonwealth today it would provide the later to the commonwealth today it would provide no beer for the people. No one would dare not upon it, or if any one did he would certainly be charged with crime. Bindiar ingus in other states are to date ineffective. I am oppowed to the practice of a legislative deception, it is letter to proceed with candor. Walt until the Su-prene Court of the United States

"We have had too much legislation by chance had too much legislation by channer, by turnuit, by pressure. Representative government ceases when outside influence of lany kindla substituted for the judgment of the representative. This does not men that the opinion of consiliuents is to be ignored. It is to be weighed most carefully, for the representative must represent, but his oath provides that the most represent but his cath provides that it must be "fathfully and impartially, according to the best of his abilities and understanding agreeably to the rules and regulations of the Constitution and laws."

"The authority of the law is questioned in these days all too much. The hinding obligation of obedience against personal desire is dealed in many quarters. If these doctrines liberty, all security are at an end."

WORLD NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

ROME,-By a royal decree the price of newspapers is raised from 2 cents to 4 cents. The raise is due to the increased cost of print paper. The news dealers have gone on strike, asserting that they are entitled to a higher per centage of the receipts on the new

BERLIN .-- The disappearance from the Munster camp of General Ethardt, commander of the Battic brigade which took part in the invasion of Berlin at the time of the Kapp coup. Is regarded as a menacing sign indicative of plans for another reactionary

NEW YORK,-Abandoned by her three companions when an automobile in which they were speeding along Old Mill road overrained at Queens boulevard, Elmhurst, L. L. Mrs. Heler Brogiley, an eighteen-year-old bride, was burned to death. John Daly of Long Island City, one of two men in

the automobile party, was arrested later at his home. PARIS.—Marshal Foch, speaking at the colebration of Mothers' Day at the Inter-Allied Union, touched on the valor of the American soldier and his great services be rendered during the

Royblon of the Volstead act, so as to permit the manufacture and rale of heer and light wives, was farored by the Conneticut Personalic State varentko, when it adopted the repart of the commuttee on resolutions, which, wher we althought session, had diame up a platforce

CRISIS IN FARM LABOR REACHED

Urge Curtallment In Non-Essential Industries, Including Road Building, to Divert Workers,

CITIES MAY GO

Soils of Farm Hands Who Went to War Returned to Parms.

Damend For Better Car Service-Few

Washington,-Paced by a critical thortuge in farm inher throughout the country, the Council of National Deferse will be asked by Secretary Baker to consider the advisability of bringbug about a cortailment in some of the pon-essential industries, including road building. In order to divert inbor to furm work,

A proposal to that effect has been sent to Becreinry Baker, chalronn of the council, by Daniel Willard, prestdeat of the Bultimere and Oldo ratiroad. Mr. Baker announced that as soon as he received Mr. Willard's letfor he would call a meeting of the connell and request particularly the atlendance of Becretary of Labor Wilson and Becretary of Agriculture Morodith.

It is understood that the Willard proposal contemplates an appeal to the Alalo governments to aid in pulling the curluliment into affect.

Administration officiats, members of Congress and representatives of various national farm organizations in Washington said that the farm labor shortingo has reached such a critical stage that the farmers would be compalled to make targe retrenglaments to Unit planting programs. The effect of this, unless more labor is made immodiately certain for the increasing someon, it is agreed, will be a serious food shorings next full, with consuquant akyrocketing of food prices.

According to Dr. H. C. Taylor of the Buronn of Farm Management of the Department of Agriculture, the supply of farm labor in the country is 72 per tent below normal, and is 15 per cont below normal, and is 15 per cont below what it was last year. A typical inkiance, rejorted to the department by Frederick Rasmussen, secretary of the Pennsylvania State Board of Agriculture, shows that the farmers of that state lack 81,000 of the farm, hands neded to produce their normal crops, the shortage amounting to 28,000 more than it was last year.

A. M. Loomis of the Washington headquarters of the National Grange deciared that of the sons of farm cent have returned to the farins, the remainder preferring to stay in large industrial centers, where the pay and the attractions are stronger. White representatives of other farm organizations here were inclined to regard this statement as exaggerated, Mr. Locusts insisted that the figure was

correct.
The farmers are embarrassed also by the shortage of railroad equipment to move their products. This factor so acutely affects the present situation that the Seante Interstate Commerce Connottee has already taken under consideration the introduction of legislation authorizing a government loan of \$500,000,000 to the railroads for the purchase of additional equipment.

"A typical illustration of this short-age," said Charles O. Lyman, secre-lary of the National Board of Farm organizations, "was shown in resolu-tions adopted recently by the track farmers of Florida amounting their determination to reduce their acrenge radically unless better car service is

"Acute as the labor situation is I doubt whether the farmers would be willing to include road-building among the non-essential industries to be cur-infied, as Mr. Willard proposes. The improvement and maintenance of their rouds are essential to farmers in the marketing of their crops, and amminer in the only time when road work can

"The solution lies in making farm work more attractive in competition with city work. If the city people de with city work, if the city people de-mand that their food supply be kept up, they must be willing to let the farmers have a sufficient return to pay attractive wages. City people can agree to this, and at the same time not pay excessive prices for their farm products, if they will only work with the farmers in the establishment of cooperative marketing facilities that will eliminate the middleman. The farmers are already way about of the city folk in these co-operative ventures, and can, in many parts of the country, deliver their own products to the reiall trader: but until the city people organize cooperative purchasing agencies to take the place of the retailer, they must expect to pay an extra toll."

HUNGARY TO SPURN TREATY.

Councillor Says Pact Will Not Be Accepted Without Pleblacites.

London.—The report that Hungary is setting herself against acceptance of the peace treaty have been confirmed in Rome by Gezea Herozeg, Hungarian councillor of state, who is now arran councillor of state, who is now in that city. The councillor is quoted as declaring that Hungary will not sign the treaty without modification, including provisions for the holding of pleblacites in disputed territors in that land,

Eight barrels containing 350 gallons of moonshine whiskey, and a 60-gatton still were seized in an outbuilding on the Savagteau farm, Peabody, Mass. Anton Legoudes of Summer street, Lynn, who rents the building was arrested, charged with filegal manufacture of alcoholic beverages.

SENATOR CALDER.

Wants Congress Held Un-



Washington.-Benntor the Bennte Committee on Commerce, b urging that if other; logistation now shead of the ship policy bill in not cleared out of the way in time, that Congress be held in Washington until the ship bill is disposed of

CARRANZA IN FLIGHT, PURSUED BY REBELS

Revolutionists in Virtual Control of Entire Republic, Including Every Important City.

Washington, - Revolutionists, entered Moxico City after President Carranza had fled, accompanied by friends, and are how in complete control of the situation in the Mexican empiral, according to official information reaching the state department,

The flight of Carranza from the capltal was confirmed in a radio message received at Vern Cryz and transmitted to, the state department through official channels for its information.

The best information here is that Carranza will be compelled to the from the country and that the revolutionists, instead of pincing obstacles la bis way, will necord bim safe conduct on the théory that his departure would be a "good riddance."

A contingent of the forces of General Pablo Conzales constituted the vanguard of the Mexican forces, entering the capital. This contingent was i commanded by General Jacinto Trevine. Since then, according to official Information ' reaching Washington, General Alvaro Obregon has entered the city from the west.

Agents of the revolutionary more-ment in Washington do not anticipate that there will be any chash between Onzales and Obregon, but that they will agree upon the induction into tenpornryt power of a provisional presidont to hold office until after the elecfrom to not once and after the ene-tions. So far as Obregon and Conzoles are concerned, it is asserted by nee here who have been in close touch with both, that their participation in the revolutionary movement has been based on the idea that there should be free and fair elections held by Mexito free and our elections near in stexa-co, without interference from Caran-za or from those in control of the govpriment, and it is asserted that every indication is that Obregon and Gonsales will agree upon a new provisional president to hold office until such elections can be held.

LATEST EVENTS AT WASHINGTON

On the heels of the news from Albany that the New York state delegation to the Ban Francisco convention will cast its second vote for Thomas R. Marshall of Indiana, now vice president, for the Democratic Presidential nomination there comes the information that the Marshall boom is spreading and assuming serious pro

portions, White House attaches have placed heavy bara over the windows of the President's bedroom which faces south on the second floor of the executive mansion. The barring con-

sists of a heavy iron grillwork. Refusal of the progressive Republicans to accept former Senator Beverldge of Indiana as chairman of the national convention may change the entire plans of the Old Guard, who are undecided whether to fight for undisputed control of the organiza-

n a militant telegram made public at the White House President Wilson demands that the Democratic party nominate candidates who will fight unqualifiedly for the League of Nations without reservations. He describes the Versailles treaty as the paramount issue of the campaign.

The State Grocers' Association covertion held at Haverhill, Masa, adopted a resolution protesting against the opening of stores by manufactuters for the sale of goods at cost and condemning the practice of whole-salers in selling goods to industrial concerns for such stores.

Thursday ASK FOR \$500,000,000

In All, \$1,600,000,000 is Needed for New Equipment, Executives Assert.

PREDICT FOOD SHORTAGE.

Senate Warned That Transportation, and Even Food Production, Would Suller - Western Roads Tell I. C. C. They Need Increase,

Washington,-The railroads of the country must have immediate financial help from the government if they are to cope with the shortage of equipment, which threatens serious interference with the transportation and even the production of facel, as well ar with industry, said railroad executives In testifying before the Senate Intertlato Commerco Committee,

The government, the executives said. should make \$125,000,000 immediately available from the \$300,000,000 revolving fond created by the ratifond act and should follow this with a loan of \$590,000,000. In addition, freight rates should be increased, the executives sald, by about 28 per cent.

The executives appears I before the committee at the request of Benuton Cumming, He said that fivestock and other food producers of the middle west had told the committee that shortage of cars and motive equipment was making it impossible to move purishable and semi-perishable food to market, and that as a result a curtailment of production was in sight, a ca-

Edward N. Brown, chalman of the board of the Pero Marquetto and Frisco lines, told the committee that when the roads were returned to their owners they had neither cosh, credit-

nge adequate equipment. As, a regult, Mr. Itrown said, the present shortage of freight cars is 228,000, passenger cars more than 0,000 and 8,100 locomotives, Mr. Brown and that the railroad executives com-mittee had reached the conclusion that 100,000 freight cars, 4,000 passenger. cars and 2,000 locomotives should becars, and zoon tocometres anome po-ordered at once to take care of infi-mum needs, This would cost 4810, 000,000, he said, and would not be fully available for use during the present calendar year,

To innke good the entire shortnya of cars and locomotives would take \$1,000,000,000, Mr. Brown said,

He told the committee that since January 1 railrouds have ordered 518 locomolives and 27,700 freight entagobilgating themselves to the extent of \$141,000,000 to the banks. Bankers had informed the executives that it was virtually impossible for the rail. roads to borrow any more money on equipment trusts he said.

A. H. Smith of the New York Central lines declared that one of the emhave been subjected greev out of the fact that the government charged addillons and betterments made during government control against the rental due from the government to the rallreads. Instead of that, the additions and betterments costs should have been funded for repayment over a long period of years, Mr. Smith said. The testimony of Messrs. Smith and

Brown was suplemented by Samuel-ites of the Pennsylvania, I. F. Lores, Delaware and Hudson; Henry Walters, Atlantic Coast Line; E. J. Pearson, New York, New Haven and Hartford: 19. H. Markham, lilinois Central, and A. P. Thom, general counsel for the Association of Retirond Executives,

Proposals for an advance in feelglit rates of 24 per cent, yielding an addi-tional revenue of \$352,803,000 unnually, were made to the Interstate Com-merce Commission by the western group of railroads. The group contended that this increase was the minimum necessary to bring their net income up to 6 per cent on a property (avestment of \$8,383,593,000.

Samuel L. Felton of Chicago as chalrman of the western executives rate committee, in preventing the application, placed stress on the inade-quary of present railroad facilities to bandle efficiently the growing traffic and the need for the immediate outlay of hundreds of millions of new capital for cars, engines and additions and

PIMPLES OVER FACE AND NECK

Hardandin Blotches. Skin Sore. Cuticura Heals.

"Pimples began on my face and spread all over my neck. They were hard with white heads, and they were in blotches. The akin was sore and many face was disfigured.
"Isulfered for four months.
Then I used Cutkura Boan and Ointment. and I used four cakes

Then I used Cultura Bosp and Ointment, and I used four cakes of Scap and four boxes of Ointment which completely bealed me." (Signed) Carlos Treatas, 18 Way St., Fall River, Mass., May 24, 1919.

"Cuticura Toilet Trio 🖜

Consists of Soap, Ointment and Takum. Use the Soap, and no other, for every-day toilet purposes, with a little Ointment now and then as needed to acothe and heal the first aigns of akin or scalp troubles. Use Cuticura Talcom for dusting your akin. It is an antispetic, prophylactic, cooling, soothing powder of fascinating fragrance. fascinating magnaness

Storic Early Free by 150 - 150 construction of the Storic Early Storic Ea

'sil nue.

There is Furniture, and Furniture

Some furniture simply fills up the vacant spaces and nev makes a home look attractive. It is furniture of course but where is the satisfaction in putting your hard carned dollars into furniture of this sort. You should buy furniture not to fill up the rooms, but to famish them, to make a lome you will be proud to live in. That kind doesn't cost my more if you buy it at the right place.

Our Furniture Furnishes

We have been in the home making business all our lives and we use all our years of experience in carefully selecting from the best markets the things that we know will give you lasting satisfaction.

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Newport, R. I.

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Thames Street

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DRESS FOR THE LITTLE MISS



White crepe de chine and picot-edged ribbon make this a charming and dainty little dress for the small girl.

MIDDIES ARE IN WARM FAVOR

Garment is Comfortable and Pleasing, but Should be Well and Correct-ly Made.

Nothing is so comfortable as a good old middy costume—and nothing looks so well on a young cirl, if the midde is correct in style. But the "if" is very important. A hadly cut, home-made looking middy is very poor style indeed and has a slouchy appearance that is depressing.

Some women can make presentable middy costumes on the home sewing muchine, but it takes considerable skill. Caroful tailoring must be just into such a costume-inst as careful talloring as would go into a cloth suit to be worn with one's best hat, white gloves and buttened walking boots for a promenade on the avenue. Because a midde is a garment intended for tw-formal wear is no reason whe it should have the lines and general effect of a negligee or a bungalow apron-and too many home-hullt middy smits have just this effect. A really smart middy in the shops is not chean, but the cos-tume will endure a surprishedy lone time and will come home from the cleaner's looking good as new. Middy suits are admirable for young girls and older women to wear for boating. They are not correct—on women over twenty-five years old—for connery cinh wear or even for tennis or other outdear sports, but a woman of force may wear a middle on yacht or motor cruisofeer to stigo of bus 19

Comfortable as the middy blonse is, it should not be affected by the house-wife as an easy-to-work-in morning co-

OLD-FASHIONED BIB APRONS

Accessory is Constructed of Contrast. ing Material; Embroidered When Fabric Is Plain

There is considerable use of little Aprecis on shirts, according to a Parls fashlen writer. Madeleine et Made leine, whose place on the Champs Exsees has mee with over more success this spring them is experienced at its difficult opening last year, and whose collection of early summer models is remarkably beautiful, show many dresses with little old-fashioned aprops with hibs. They in not make these freck, as one might suppose, but use a contrasting material. If it happens to be no embroidered fabric no additional Timming is used but if the restarted is plain the appea is embroidered

Among these models, too, is seen the 1570 such and the short ballton sleeve. Bome of the dresses having these are made with high collars, which seem to be farorites with these designers. It was Madeleine et Madeleine who intro-finced the high wire collar last spring. using it on evening dresses as well as en Mouses.

West Embroidery.

The fad for wool embroiders is re-Berned everywhere. Scarcity of merchendise necessitating a search in one art department for colors in another for needles, and another for patterns frequently discourages the shoppers and they shandon the attempt at handmade decoration altorether, says the Dry Gowls Lectomist. Hat bands, while ribbons, sushes, handbans, blouses, nowns, porch pillows and practically every article susceptible to embraiders are abowing gay little howers and all-over and conventional DEMestis Gode in mond

Hake Blankets Soft.

Standers are to room figure and wift after your man of they are break-ed allowed your life a terr broom or Lair an blaging on the

Where He Was Week.

The other is all Pelo been included in report and worked e than for even this expect departs Ho feller said: Why John how then the happen? John's reply was: 'We', lot daddy, that's my harder, sudy."—Exchange.

ROCKEFELLER IS TO STUMP FOR MOVEMENT

Great Meetings in View -- Boston Day April 16---Precedes Financial

Boston-John D., Rockefeller, Jr., has releuteered to take the stump for the Intercharch World Movement and resterday announcement was made from the interchurch Headquarters of a funtative iffneraty whileh will take him lato thirteen cities in fourteen days, going as far south as Washing. ion, as for west as Minneapolis and Kansas City, and as far north and east as Boston. Mr. Rockefeller will spend every night but one on a sleeper.

Governor Renry J. Allen of Kansas, it was announced, will necompany Mr. Rockefeller to several cities on the route and will add his voice to the appeal for united support in the great Interchurch campaign to raise \$36,777, bateraujen eampaign to raise \$00,(11), 572 in one week to carry on the ex-leasion work of the thirt sylenomi-pations which are co-operating in the interchurch program. Mr. Rockefel-ler, who is seeking to recruit the strongest speaking team possible, will be heard in the following ellies:

Washington, Monday, April 5; Pitts-burgh, April 6; Cleveland, April 1; Dotroit, April 8; Chleago, April 9; Minneapolita, April 10; Rahasa City, April 12, St. Louis, April 13, Cincin-nati, April 14; Buffalo, April 15; Bos-ton, April 16; Philadelphia, April 17; Now York City, April 18. Now York City, April 18.

Mr. Rockofeller prosided March 19 at a great layinen's dinner and meeting in the Hotel Pennsylvania arranged by himself in association with Charles E. Hughes, Cleveland H. Dolge and Affred E. Mariling. More than one thousand guests attended, among them many prominent New England mon. Addresses were made by John R. Mott, chaliman of the excourted committee of the inter-Taylor, general secretary, and Hishop Theodore S. Henderson, who is director of the campaign for increase to church membership,

Supplementing this tour by Mr. Rechefeller, there will be a flying squadron of other widely known speakers, it is announced, who are to rish cities all over Now England, as well as the east generally, beginning April 3. Providence, Pawticket Portland, Manchester, Worcester, Springfield Jam. Portland, Manchestor, Worcester, Springfield, Lynn, Lowell, Lawrence, Holyoke, New Bolford, Cambillee, Fall River and Somerville are Now England points in the Itinerary.

CONGREGATIONALISTS LINE UP FOR DRIVE

Field Men For New England Are Appointed to Put Financial Effort Across

Boston, March.-Rev. Charles E. White, of Boston, who is directing the New England campaign of the Congregational World Movement, anpounced today the names of the Field Men of New England who will work from now must the latter part of April to prepare Congregational churches for the united simultaneous financial campaign. April 25 to May 2. This campaign calls for a national budgest paid for the Congregational church of \$16,568,470. The Congregation tional church of America is one of the 30 denominations that will cotor so benominations that will co-reparate in the big financial drive, the directing agency for which is the in-tercharch World Movement. The to-tal askings are \$556,777,572.

The functions of the Field Men are to rish personally the individual pas-ture and churches, organize churches and stimulate them to wisely and CERTASE for the money gifts which the Congregational church seeks in order to finance its World Movement Each Field Man has a territory to over, giving him from ten to twenty churches, for which he №Ш № responsible.

. The full time Field men are as follows: Bev. George L. Parker, of East Palmonth; Rev. George H. Gutterson. serretary of the American Missiemary Association, of Boston: Rev. John X. Miller, a missionary of the American Board of Commissioners in India, home on furlough; Rev. George H. Dwing, of Auburndale: Sec. W. W. Leeie, of the Church Building Society of Boston (and Rev. Don Ivan Potch

in lihode Island one man is at present responsible for the state at large. Rev. James Dingwell, of Central Falls.

The men in the other states are: Maine-Key, W. H. Palmer of Hallowell, Rev. John M. Beiler of Machiae. Rev. Frederick Parker of Sherman Mills, Rec. Harold S. Capron of Bangor, Rev. Milo E. Fearson and Rev. George E. Kinney of Auburn, Rev. William J. Supper and Rev. R. J. Stuce of Portion. Rev. D. E. Adthis of Marainstin. Rev. Gregory of Pierove Isle, Rev. H. D. process of the state tale. Rev. H. D. French of Station Roy, J. H. Wilkins of Volume to Cov. C. P. Robinson of Volume to Volume D. A. Undern of Volume T. Volume D. A. Undern of Volume D. Volume D. A. Undern of Volume D. Volum less T P. Ashby of

First Lifeboat Still in Existence. The first lifeboat ever made is sell-It existence in Yorkshire. It was coning life in storms or other dencers to ships." A poor shipwright invented and made it, and parliament considered his labor and skill so meritorious that it voted him the sum of \$2,000 as

SANTIAGO SAVED BY LEONARD WOOD

Heroidean Labor of Soldler-Dostor in City Infosted by Plagues. Profiteering Stamped Out.

By JOHN Q. HOLME, Author of "The Life of Lonard Wood,"

When Leonard Wood, now Brigadier-General of Volunteers, assumed charge of Santiago about one-third of the city's 10,000 inhabitants were sick and the whole population was threatened with starvation, for the city's food supplies had been cut off during the stege. The whole muntcipal govbito the city which ha was to govern so wisely and successfully, Wood cocountered bodies of human beings and autimals along the highway and in the streets, while overhead source great thocks of buzzards, carrier enters. The atmosphere was potsoned with a mias-ion of fover mid the stench of decaying

Within the city, our of the worst plague spots on the face of the earth, andaria, smallpox, typhoid and yellow fover raged. The only sowers were then pulters, domined here and there by dead bodies and refuse. The streets leoked as if they had never been cleaned. Never had Herenies himself rssayed a worse cleaning Job than that which lay before the American soldier-

Cleaning the city and making it a fit place for human habitation were the liest tasks to be laken up. General Wood recruited a large force of lille Cuban noldlers and not them to work collecting the bodies of men and uni-puls and cleaning the streets. The intives, who went to work under compulsion, continued willingly when they found themselves paid regularly in rash and rations.

Wood Killed Profiteering. the American the dead, to Wood had the corpses and carcasses cartest beyond the city limits, sonked in kerosena and burned. The streets were cleaned and kept clean. Within'n day or two American soldiers found large stores of food hoarded by dealers who now demanded exertificat prices, which how demanded executant prices, which the population were unable to pay. Wood sent for the principal butchers of Santiago and asked them how much they were charging for beef.

"Mow much is it costing you?" asked Wood.

"Most is very dear, your excellency," "I asked you how much it was cost-ing you." The milliary governor was

"Fifteen cents a pound, your excel-lency, but we have lost much in the

"And so have your customers," in-terrupted Wood. "Now, hereafter beef will be 25 cents a nound retail, and the nan who tries to force the people of Santiago to pay more while the whole-sale price remains at 15 cents will go

Wood was not quite so gentle as our Food Administration during the late war; but, on the other hand, he was far more effective. He killed profiteer-ing in Santiage in a few minutes. One of Wood's first acts was to ap-

point a city council, which had full charge of the affairs of the town under his general supervision. Having cleaned the city, he issued an order established lishing the freedom of speech and of assembly. For the first time in Cuban history the press was upmuzzled. San-tingo was full of radicals, and the radleal press immediately began abusing General Wood, but the press remained Wood always hated censorship.

Monuments of His Labor. It is now more than twenty years since Leonard Wood left Santingo de Cuba, yet you can visit that city today and view everywhere the monuments of his labor. You stroll along the beautiful marine boulerard. It is the work of Leonard Wood. The city has an excellent water system piped from reservoirs in the hills-Leonard Wood's aço system. Wood created this improvement. You can take a ride into the country over excellent reads, Wood built these highways. Santiage clean and sanitary. Leonard Wood, M. D., personally drew up Cuba's sant tation code, now a part of the Cuban Constitution.

No; he did not do these things all alone, but he showed bluself, although only thirty seven years old, a master organizer and executive. He never used his military power except in emergencies. He used arbitrary power to enforce health regulations. Tou cannot argue with diseases and death The death rate in Santiago was 200 per day when he became military govorner. In four months the death rate dropped to ten per day and Santiago was the cleanest city in the western hemisphere. A New England sea cap-inin in the transport service told of the changes wrought by Wood in this

"When we made our first trip into Santiago harbor in 1888 the sky was fall of buzzards. In the summer of 1800, when Wood had been military governor for a year, there was quite a number left, but in the summer of 1900 when we sailed into the barbor the first mate discovered only one bird hovering in the sky. He looked tonesome, and I'll bet he was hungry."

Wood had destroyed the burrard's business. Santingo was hairby, (To be expressed)

Even women who do not work for a living have a natural yearning to make a striking appearance.-- Carreens Magazine.

The man who thinks he knows everything always gets into difficulty when conditions require him to verify his

WOOD FLAYS LOW TEACHERS' PAY

No Class in Country Engaged in More Constructive Labor Than Educators:

Leonard Wood, whose executive experiences in this country, Cuba and the Philippines have impressed him with the fundamental importance of education as a factor in progregate civilization, has become of late a powerful in atroniculality in forcing upon the attention of the American people the Usthe continued underpayment of our trachers and professors. His stirring words in behalf of better conditions for our educators are not merely perfunctory, but spring from a well-founded compellon, forced upon him by innute observation of educational depressure a more probabing obtlook for our teachers in the future should Wood become President of the United States. Wood says 1

"Our educators are very huich under-pald. There is no class today in Amertea which has the opportunity to do work in the building up of good citizen ship-t do not know, that I could except the church Bolt-than those who are teaching in our universities and schools. They are founding the men and water of temorrow. They are working quietly, but effectively, day after day, week after week, and month after month. They have our children with them much more than we have them, and as they induced the minds of the product. them, and as they incline the minds of these youngsters, so will they be later

Treachers Driveh Off.
They are not only implaining knowledge, evoking power and teaching the children, don't dilinse they are also waging that silent battle against ignorance and probudes upon the successful outthe stability of this country. The average country school teacher in many sections of this country receives less than the average dist class chauffour. The college professor is not paid as well as the arrange good bricklayer, and the result has been that since the war many of our ablest professors and teachers have had to seek employment in other lines of work.

"This condition is one which we must terminate. Let us interest ourselves in those who are doing more than any other group to make the citizens of tomorrow. The professors in our great universities should receive stainles which will notice that the time to the conditions. which will enable them to live com-fortably and to properly carry on their work free from the constant anxiets which comes from insufficient income to meet the every-day expenses of life, insufficient even under the most rigid economy. The same general policy should apply to assistant professors and instructors and to teachers in our public schools,

"At present the routh of our country is being trained and our Ship of State is being built by underpaid and, con-sequently, discontented workmen. It is a dangerous situation. It gives rise to unsound and careless teaching. Those who are in daily contact with our youth and who implant in them many of the vital principles of citizenship should feel that their services are recognized and their value fully appreclated. It is a dangerous policy to have the instruction of our youth of country in the hands of many who feel there is something radically wrong In a government which falls to recognize the value of the services of those who are training its youth;

Give Teachers a Chance, "We want our teaching force to feel

that its services are appreciated and the value of its work is understood. If this is not done the services will be poorly rendered. We have in the teaching profession thousands of splendld nien and women most of whom could do much better, from the money standpoint, in other lines of work. They continue, however, simply because they have the missionary spirit and because they love their work. These teachers have the power, very largely, to shape the opinions and prejudices of the youth of the nation. They can fill the souls of our children with discentent and epposition to government, or they can fill them with the spirit of appreciation and patriotism. We should be as careful in the selection of our teachers as we are in the selection of our clergy. They are the teachers of the children of our newcomers, and, the thoroughness with which this is done and the spirit which is implanted will largely depend upor the character and spirit of the teach-

"If we want to Americanize our incoming youth we must see to it that the teaching force feels that the American people has recognized its value and importance. Salaries which were sufficient, perhaps, a generation ago are worth only one-third of their former purchasing power. The compen-sation s so small that men hesitate to assume the responsibilities of mar Large families are out of the question. It is difficult to travel and have the necessary relations with the leading minds of the day, and unless some changes are made we shall find the quality of our teaching force reduced to medicerity. There is no class of men or wemen that is doing more arduous work. Let us give them a chance to do it under the best possible conditions."

Or Treasure.

Those who marry for business may repent for pleasure!-Cartoons Maga-

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Timical S. A. Less's Shager Cases (5 Aid "Army's" Annual Fund Appeal

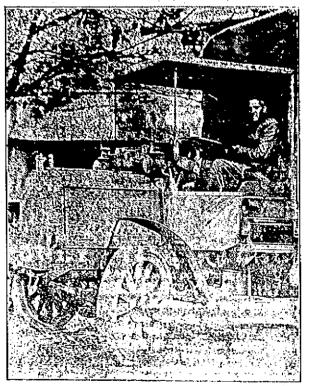


Mtsa FREDA MALPAS, AGED 3
Smallest Lessie Chorister in New England; Volunteers Service Appeal

The youngest Salvation Army bassic biliseards and snow sterms that complication in New England has easierly biliseards and snow sterms that complication in New England has easierly field up railroad tradio. Freda value for the 1920 Home Service Appeal, May 10 to 20. She is wee Freda Matins, aged 3, daughter of England headquarters stad, Hoston. She's not obtained the New England headquarters stad, Hoston. She's not obtained she that the Army and blue passengers a bit Empered Maipas of the New England headquarters stad, Hoston. She's not obtained she that the whom she learned she then and Freda promptly offered has but when she learned she then and Freda hadn't had a bite towar to "have her picture took", she lear inco hincheon, and no prospects

was to "have her picture took", she out since hawheen, and he prospects brironed mothers. The story of the of dinner or even broakfast. Novertiny soprano's debut dates back to theless she climbed to the back of a but a few short months ago when all car seat, steadled herealf against her New England was truly "shut in from father's shoulder and sang, "There's all the world without" by the terrific A Long, Long Trail."

S. A. Overseas Veteran Cheerfully Makes 650 Mile Trip for Home Service Appeal



S. A. Overseas Veteran Breaks Freight Embargo by 659-Mile Trip with Truck Mere freight embargoes due to | peal from National headquarters in transportation tie-ups mean nothing New York. Anyway, the Envoy in the young life of a Salvation Army promptly volunteered to drive the overseas veteran who a brief two years ago hauled wounded and dying men from the firing line to the field Boston wasn't the end of the job hospitals at Soissons and St. Michel either; he just pausel in the Hop in 40-bour stretches of emergency long enough to deposit a part of his service. That's what Envoy Foster of load and then went merrily on ta the New England headquarters of the Portland, Maine, the Northern Divi-Salvation Army, Boston, thought al- aional headquarters. All told it was though he just grinned cheerfully just a master of something over 700 when Col, Adam Gifford told him that miles. the transportational facilities were holding up New England shipments to his long slege at the wheel. "Why

Anyway, the Envoy Army truel: to New York, and he did Bringing several tons of materials to "Down and out?" smiled En-

Do You "Hate" Yourself?

For I say, through the grace given unto me, to every man that is among you, not to think of himself more highly than he ought to think,"-Paul ir his letter to the Romans, 12:3,

Airplanes for Salesmen,

A Sydney (New South Water) business firm engaged in the manufacture of rubber is equipping its commercial travelers with an air This is the first of three to plane. be similarly employed by the form Miss Dorothy Perdrians made a trip with the "bagman-pilot," Lieut, J. H Potter If is stated that Australia imports absually \$5,000,000 worth rubber goods. By their aerial deliveries this firm expects to get a great-er share of this business.

voy Foster in answer to a query as of posters and other campaign sup- a man may be down, but he's never plies for the 1910 Home Service Ap- out!"

> Water on the Brain, To many people it will come as a

surprise to learn that our bruins contain from 80 to 90 per cent of water. the remaining 10 or 20 per cent being a mass of white and gray matter, to which rejentists have given various Impressive names. Incidentally to talgle he recotloned that the average weight of a man's health is ghout 45 опьсек, анд в моньн'я 13 плист.

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Charles M. Cole, PHARMACIS

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WATER

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Office Hours from \$ 8, 10, 16 \$ p. 10.

THE LIBERTY BOND MARKET

Not only is it the pairiotic duty of everyone who purchased Liberty Bonds and Victory Notes during the war to hold them, but it is sound business judgment also in view of the provalling low prices for the bonds and notes in the stock market, according to John R. Macomber, president of the Boston Chamber of Commerce and president of Harris, Porbes & Company, the well known bond house. Certain market conditions have depressed the current selling orles of the bonds—but Mr. Macomber takes pains to point out that no one with good sense can question that the United States Treasury will pay the bonds in full at their par value of 100 cents on the dollar when they mature or that the Government will take care of the interest coupons as they full due. So long as the United States exists as a nation it will make good on all of its debts. Such bodge the case, the sale of the bonds at averal dollars below par is most unwide. Not only latit the pairlette duty of

the case, the sale of the bonds al several dollars below par la most unwise.

People who purchased the bonds during the war piedged themsolves to apport the Government—and their obligation in this respect did not end with the signing of the Arintatica. What would be the attitude of the man who placed a mortgage on some of his property and gave a note, may for three years, should the holder of the note go to him within a few mouths and try to get the money back? He would, of course, take the ground that the piedge bad been made for three years and that he would no pay it and cancel the note and the mertgage given to secure it until the time was up. Now, the United States Government, gave its motex, kome in the form of bonds, and in effect placed a mortgage on its entire property to guarantee the payment of those notes at the end of a certain period of years. The holders of those notes, at he end of a certain period of years. The holders of those notes, as he had of a certain period of years. The holders of those notes, are bonds, of course, could not expect the Government to pay them on demand before the time for maturity as specified on the securities. But they knew that the bonds were "liquid," in that they could be traded for on the Stock Exchange. So thousands of them threw the securities into the market, instead of holding them as they should. The effect was to swamp the market and depreciate the prices. So far as the owner of one of the bonds goes he was and is not in the least affected, provided he bolds his bonds. He will continue to receive interest regularly on the courpons and in due time reay collect his principal. Thus his financial interest and his patriotic duty run along to exteen with the United States. gradual. Into this binarcial interest and his patriolic duty run along to getter. If he keeps his implied agreement with the United States Treasury, then the Treasury will see that he loses not one dollar.

that he loses not one dollar.

Oh? whmao rtockth mafild etaoln
Some of the large corporations and
mainiduals who purchased heavily,
more to than they could afford at the
time, merely to help float the loans,
perhaps have the right to zell and
take the losses they sustain as a part
of their contribution fowards winmag the war.

The first question that I ask of
the property of the property of the contribution of the contri

"The first question that I ask of any new customer with a small account," said Mr. Macomber, "is: frave you the full exemption for allowance on Liberty Bonds?" If he arm in the left him that they are the best possible investment, even better than the best offerings we have in private enterprises all over this country. The Government bonds, for what a holder, are free of all tares. in private enterprises all over this country. The Government bonds, for such a holder, are free of all taxes facever. If I had \$5000 coming to me he man who sells his Liberty Bonds with it. Savings banks are picking facm up in the market because they flow what wonderful buys they are at current prices in the market. Pemember, as I have said, that his man who sells his iberty Bonds and not fulfilled his original obligation to the United States Government. The promise that he made during the

Tan to the United States Government, the promise that he made during the var when he loaned the money. It val easy to be patriotic when the war val on; but not so easy to retain that patriotism over night."

PICKING HIS COMPANY

A Sunday School teacher was ques-faming her class of boys on the managen of their desire for righteous-

"All those who wish to go to daven," she said, "please stand." All got to their feet but one small

"Way, Johnny," exclaimed the single teacher, do you mean to say that you don't want to go to Heaven."
"No, ma'am," replied Johnny, hamply, 'not if that bunch is spin."—Reheboth Sinday School Herton.

COMPLETE SAFEGUARDS

If. Tomkins was obliged to stop need tight at a small country hotel, he was shown to his room by the one his the place afforded.

If a glad there's an escape here in new of first, commented Mr. Tombins as he surveyed the room, but had a the idea of putting a prayer-tion in the room it such a prominent had the room it such a prominent

Tian" reglied the boy, "is in-d for you to use in case the fire has abranced for you to make comper six"—London Po-Bits.

for his year que such a benisel le danna! The base I was not a bedant for

Harden V. 1940 John J. C.

. Pas turibly a signal of े एक स्थाप कर के स्थाप के कर है। इस कार्याचार पर केस्सुक्ट के 1777 - इ. The the Election

THE FINCH

"Luxi laxi Here sir! Come here directly. You horrid hateful creature!" She was searching every corner of her memory for worse and worse epithets to hur at the dog before she could reach him herself and do him all the mischlef she could. The animal was a large, white, short-haired Spitz. One-haif of his face and half of his left ear were black, which gave him an uncommonly, deflant expression, and he could look more contemptuous than any other dog in the universe. He merely bestowed a passing glance upon the slender little girl, with fair hair cut short like a boy's, who was durting toward him, and then turned his attention again to a tiny, living creature in the grass, which he smalled at and then turned over with his paw.

"March!" The R in the word sounded like a whole succession of the

his paw.

"March!" The R in the word sounded like a whole succession of R's, which had been uttered one after another like rolling thouder. At the same time the Spitz received a blow on his side, delivered with all the force which a somewhat stender little girl eight years old could muster. Pia burt herself more than she did him. Red. as a turkey-eeck Pia now knelt in the grass with her eyes full of tenrs, holding the tiny creature in her hands, stroking and kissing it. The dear, wee, wee, thing, A half-grown finch if the dyentured too soon from one of the nests in the big elm, the oldest of all the trees in the garden which sheltered so many birds, list top was almost as high as the eastle tower, its branches formed a perfect thicket. How could the exhausted little bird find its way back to its home?

housted little bird find its way back to its home?

It seemed conscious of the extent of its misfortune, for from time to time it uttered a piteous peep, and hilnked its shining black eyes in an agony of terror. Its thy bedy quivered, its heart was heating at a frantic rate. No doubt it was severely hurt. That horrible Lux had bitten it or perhaps crushed its breast-how did Pla know what he had done! And now the miserable henat had the impudence to put his nose familiarly on her shoulder after, licking it several times, with his tongue, while his speaking eyes said:

"Giva me back that thing. I found it; its mine. I want it to play with. It squeaks so queerly when I poke it with my paw."

"March!" Again the, R rolled like thunder. Pin started up and gave Lux a kick which almost sprained her foot and did him little harm. Hhe ran into the castle kitchen, asked for milk and bread and tried to feed the little finch. She understood the art, for the summer before she had brought up three sparrows which

to feed the little finch. She understood the art, for the summer before she had brought up three sparrows which fell from their nests, and two of them were still younger than the little finch. True, those were only tough ordinary sparrows like hundreds of thousands of others, not delicate, exquisite creatures which require entirely different conditions of existence from the common multitude.

tirely different conditions of existence from the common multitude.
The finch would not take the food list benefactross offered, and when with gentle violence, she opened listill and poured in a drop of milk it did not awallow it.
The cook, a stout, majestic person with a face like a soup plate and languishing blue eyes, had watched Pla'sh efforts sympathizingly form her spick and span work table.
"You're tormenting the poor thing

Plasni enorts sympathizingly form her spick and span work table.

"You're tormenting the poor thing uselessly," she haid in a gentle nleassint tone. "Give it to me, I'll kill it."

"Wha-a-t? Kill it?" Pin raised the pretty little (head, growing actually taller in her indignation. "You ought to be killed, you cruel—"

The murderess of countless doyes, hens; guinea-hens, and turkeys, shrugged her shoulders compassion-ately: "I'm not cruel, I couldn't see a poor creature that couldn't see a poor creature that couldn't be helped suffer just because I wanted to play with it."

Pia shuddered and rushed out of the kitchen to get away from the horrible woman, the professional murderess, who said such terrible things and perhaps—was right.

Because she wanted to play with it.

If that were true, she was certainly

If that were true, she was certainly far worse than Lux, that had no reason and tortured a fellow animal without knowing what he was doing. Human beings have a different standpoint and a different responsibility. What happened a short time ago when the veterinary surgeon was called to see the old hunting dog. Flock, and said that he could not be cured? Her grandmother told papa: "Release him! Give him a merciful bullet. He ought to die the death of a brave dog." And papa, her kind papa, took a gun, went out and shot old Flock. And Flock was papa's favorite dog.

"You are my favorite, too," she

You are my whispered to the bird, "and I'll re-lease you from your sufferings. I know the most beautiful death for you, the most beautiful hird-death. You shall think in the very last moment: "Now I am flying. And then all will be over."

She ran across the court-yard into

all will be over."

She ran across the court-yard into the corridor and up the steps that led to the warder's tower.

He wasn't a real warder. He was only a grey-haired old servant to whom the name was given with a tension. He did nothing except smoke tohacco and sleep. He considered the tower his especial domain, and, since he no longer went up the ateps himself, had trained his black cat to accompany visitors.

The door of his room stood ajar. Pia glanced in as she passed. The old man was asleep in his armchair, his cat sat on the table by his side, watching. At the sight of the child, he sprang to the floor, squeezed through the crack of the door, and glided noiselessly after Pia on its elastic pawa. It came nearer and nearer, and rubbed against her, gazing at her with its big, round topat eyes. Did it smell the bird? Did it enspect what Pia held in her hand?

Dist lay an inch thick on the stairs and an uncanny twilight prevailed. The few windows were not much wider than a lath, and were covered with dirt and spider webs. Often sentiting glided by A rat of course, Then the chi darted upon it and there was a shrill scream of anguish and death.

death.
Then the brast of prey was back again, its yellow, gleaning ever looking up at Pin as if to sey "I haven" caught the right teling yets you would like to keep it from me. Just wait: I'll get it myself: I have chus."
The child grow frightened and hur-

child grew frighten d. and har-The charge encourage and far-mal, fairly ran up the steps. And the steirs were to storp and made the childy with the contrast turning. The brillion had given no sign of life these meetings. Suidenly it stiered, patied out its feathers and twitched its little feet.

Then it lay still. There was no other movement. Perhaps the finch was dead, and Pia was carrying a

thitle corpse.

Terrible, terrible; death is something terrible, and to have it there, to feel it. A thrill of fear ran through her and she whispered to the bird:

bird:
"Don't die, don't die in my hand!"
She pressed its head against her cheek, breathed softly upon it, und shricked aloud. The cat had made a flerce lean almost up to her face, and was mewing and threatening her. A cowardly impulse rose in the child's soul, "Give the little bird to it! It is dead!" Yet perhaps it might not be quite dead, and could still be afraid, atill feel when it was torn and mangled. No, no! People had their own minds and would do as they pleased, not suit a wretched old rat.

they pleased, not suit a wretched old cat.

"Scat! Scat!" she cried, rushing up the stairs.

At last she reached the little door that led to the platform, on whose ancient grey timbers the flickering sunlight cast gold and diamond bars.

Pie pushed it open and went out. The cut was at her heels, but she no longer feared it, and once more kissed the little bird's head. "Now I'll release you. Now you won't suffer any more. You'll full—full—it will seem as if you were dreaming."

Bending over the parapet, she

Bending over the parapet, she looked down.

looked down.

She saw nothing but tree tops and, towering above all the rest, that of the old elm, apparently near enough for her to touch it. And at the very for her to touch it. And at the very top, among the smallest twigs, some-thing was moving restlessly, uttering cries of grief as full of sorrow as the breast from which they came was

cries of grief as full of sorrow as the breast from which they came was tiny.

"Is it you, little mother-finch? Is it you, poor thing? You'll see your child again; it's coming; but it is dead." Pla stretched out her sirm and, at the same instant, the cat leaped on the wall close by her side.

"You won't get it!" cried the little girl, as she shut her eyes tightly a moment and opened her hand.

The little bird slipped from it and sank—for the space of a breath. Then —oh! oh! it was not dead! it was alive! Its wing spread; a low, half-frightened, half-joyfu! twitter, escaped from its throat, it flew—somewhat clumsily and uncertainly—but it flew to the top of the elm, from which rang such notes of rapturous joy, blended with eager, anxious peeping: "How do you feel? Are you well? Are you hurt in any way?"

No, there was nothing the matter! Pia burst into a gay laugh. She laughed in the cat's round, flat, pitia-bly puzzled face.

"Jump after it! Catch it, you stunded old cat! It is safe from you, from all its enemies, it is with its mother!"

Suddenly she stopped, gazed thoughtfully into the distance, and

mother!"
Suddenly she stopped, gazed thoughtfully into the distance, and slowly repeated, "With its mother."
It was very long since she hadknown what that meant. She was no young at the time—but it must be something delightful for a bird and—for a child—By Marie Von Ehner-Eschenbach, translated for The Living Age by Mary J. Safford; from the Deutsche Revue.

PIFTEEN YEARS AGO

I wandered to the gregshop, Tom; I stood beside the bar And drank a bowl of lemonade and smoked a bad cigar; The same old kegs and jugs were there, the ones we used to know, When we were on the round-up, Tom, some fifteen years ago.

The barkeep is a new one, Tom; the one who used to sell Corrosive tanglefoot to us is roasting now in-well!

now in-weil!
The other has a plate glass front, his hair is combed quite low.
And looks just like the one we knew some fifteen years ago.

Old Soak came up and called for booze; he had the same uld grin, The same old facial whiskey signs, the same old signs of sin; And women atood beside the door, their faces seamed with woe, And wept just as they used to weep some fifteen years ugo.

I asked about our old-time friends, those cherished sporty men, and some were in the poorhouse, Tom, and some were in the pen; And one, the one we liked the best, the hangman laid him low; The world is much the same, dear Tom, as fifteen years ago.

I asked about that stately chap that pride marked for its own;
He used to say that he could drink, or
let the stuff alone;
He perished of the James H. Jams,
out in the cold and snow;

Ah, few survived who used to booze some fifteen years ago.

New crowds line up against the bar and call for crimaon ink;
New hands are trembling as they pour the stuff they shouldn't drink;
But still the same old watchword rings, this sounds to me, you know. The same old cry of doom we heard some fifteen years ago.

wandered to the churchyard, Tom, A wandered to the churchyard, Tom, and there I saw the graves
Of those who used to drawn themselves in red germented waves;
And there were wommen aleeping there where grass and daisies grow who wept and died of broken hearts some fitteen were area.

zome fifteen years ago. And there were graves where children sleep-have slept for many a year Forgetful of the woes that marked their fitful sojourn here;

And neath a tall white monument in death there lieth low

The man who used to sell the booze
some fifteen years ago.

WALK IT OFF

When the cares of life appress you, When the ills of life distress you, When futilities impress you, Walk it off!

Walk n on:
When the future's grave and graver,
When the past has lost its savor.
When the present finds no flavor,
Walk it off!

That's the sport that logs were made for. Tracts the purpose made were laid That's the party far,
far,
Well or ill, in daht or pall for,
Walk it off!
--T char Tinker.

Vell of ill, in debt or fell for,

Walk it off!

—Tomas Tinkes

Study people they very are variety with the tell of the month of the first of the fi Stray Stories.

USE OF GOOD CLOVER SEED IS PROFITABLE

Farmer Should Consider Advantage of Crop Over Others.

Has High Food Value as Digestible Protein and Tonnage Yield of Hay Per Acre is Considerably More Than Timothy,

Good clover seed is a profitable investment even at present high prices, according to the New Jersey state agricultural college, provided it is to be used on soils known to produce clover. If farmers feel that they cannot afford to buy clover seed at present costs, they should consider that advantages

of clover over substitute crops, Clover buy has a high food value. Based on the amount of digestible protein furnished, one ton of clover hay is worth \$17.20 more than a ton of timothy at the present prices of projein stock feeds. Also, the tennage yield of clover per nere should



Turning Under Red Clover to Maintain Soil Fertility and Supply Necessary Nitrogen.

be considerably more than of timethy. Timothy yields but one crop a year, while clover often makes two. There is enough difference to pay for the clover seed several times over.

Clover is of great value also in-maintaining the fertility and nitrogen supply of the soil. Without clover or other legums sods at frequent intervals the producing power of the land would rapidly deteriorate unless manure and expensive nitrogen ferti-lizers were used in amounts practical-

ly impossible in general farming.
Where the soil has been well limed and where inoculation has been attended to, alfalfa may be substituted for more or less of the clover in spring seeding, but it would not be safe to depend entirely on alfalfa sown in this way on very many farms. Boy-hean seed and cow-hea seed are expensive, and these crops require expensive preparation of the soil and give touch more trouble in earing, Alaska clover seed, beling only about half as large as red clover, will go shout twice as far and may be substituted for it wholly or in part as a measure of economy, though red clo-

ver is preferable where it succeeds, The use of time on land to be seeded to clover is the best insurance against failure to get a stand. Linestone may be drilled on grain in winter with good results where clover is to be sown in spring.

MARKETING BY PARCEL POST

Not All Farm Products Lend Themselves to Practice—Saving Can Be Made With Some,

While it may be attractive to a city dweller to believe that he can have ! wegetable garden grown for him 100 miles or 150 miles away, pince his orders for the cost of a stamp, and have the produce delivered at his door, It should be remembered the United States department of agriculture agriculture points out that not all farm products lend themselves to direct marketing by parcel post. Usually it is imprac-ticable to market such heavy products as pointeen by parcel post, whereas eggs, butter, sausage, poultry, many vegetables, and nut meals may fre quently be shipped with profit and at a saving to the purchaser. In general the greater the value per pound the more favorable is the chance for direct marketing.

NATURE SELF-PRUNES TREES

Pruning is Often Paying Practice in Farm Timber Tracts of Valuable 8mail Pines,

When trees are properly spaced, nature "self prunes" the lower branches But in farm timber tracts of small pines and with valuable kinds of trees, broming is often a baying practice, ray forestry specialists of the United States department of agriculture, if It is done during the slack time of winter.

SEED HOUSES ARE RELIABLE

Occasionally Concern Found That Cannot Resist Temptation of Mixing Grades.

The majority of the seed homes are reliable and trustmently, but occusionally a concern cannot resist the temptation of mining engine is laterior and ered and tempter and solling it as Attaches grade.

A magne of web the recepts been res plated to Name II and Call Reary Bless of the last to be added to plan-

TRUCKS USEFUL FOR FARM WORK

Fifty Thousand Farmers Now Own Motor Vehicles,

CENSUS NOT YET COMPLETE

Pleasure Care and Trailors Not Taken Into Account by Reporters-New York State is in Lead With 3,171 Machines.

(Propaged by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
At least 60,000 furnious in the Unit-

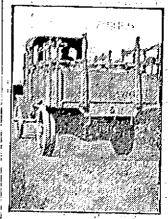
ed States own mater trucks which they use on their farms. This is shown by a prelliafancy survey of the ownership and use of motor trucks by farmers underlinken by the office of farm management and the hureau of crop estimates. The data secured by this inquiry answer many questions which have been asked repeatedly in recent years regarding the extent to which motor vehicles are used for farm hauling.

How Figures Ware, Secured, The figures on which totals for the nation and the several states are based were secured from opproximately 85, 000 selected crop reporters of the bureau of crop estimates. These cooperators were asked to report the names and addresses of farmers they know who own motor trucks for farm use. Pleasure cars and trailers for uno with pleanura care were excluded, and the reporters were taked not to

take account of trucks which are used primarily for general custom builing, or on regularly extablished routes.

This survey can senrely be considered a complete census, for it is probable that in some localities the crop reporters were not acqualated with all the truck owners, but it is certain that a very large per cent have been listed. If is believed that in no state were less than 75 per cent of the trucks reported. If not complete in every respect, the figures show the relative distribution very satisfactorily,

How Truck Are Divided, The exact number of motor trucks reported is 49,195, divided among the atutes un follows: Alabama, 847 Arixona, 05; Arkansus, 721; California 1,019) Colorado, 894; Connecticut, 357; Delaware, 160; Florida, 889; Georgia 1,808; Idaho, 829; Illinola, 2,261; Indiana, 1,648; Iowa, 2,773; Kansaa, 1, 782; Kentucky, 818; Louisland, 310



Dairyman Carrying Milk on Good Road .. . In New York.

Maine, 425; Maryland, 500; Massachulsetts, 631; Michigan, 1,636; Minnesoln, 1,255; Mississippi, 057; Missouri, 2, 005; Moniana, 859; Nebruska, 2,739; New Jerney, 802; New Mexico, 104; New York, 3,171; North Carolina, 1, 450; North Dakola, 501; Ohio, 2,231 Oklahpina, 723; Oregon, 300; Pennayl vania, 2,700; Rhode Island, 152 Bouth Carolina, 1.190; South Dakota, 1.703; Tennessee, 978; Texas, 1989 Utah, 173; Vermont, 282; Virginia, 1, 128; Washington, 682; West Virginia, 465; Wisconsin, 1,95; Wyoning, 174.

SPINACH IS FINE VEGETABLE

It is Very Lucsique, Tender, Succulent and Appetizing—Has Me-dicinal Value,

Not every gardener recognizes the value of sidnach as a vegetable. It is a very laselous vegetable, tender, succulcut and appelizing, and it also has a medicinal value, if is said. It is a very important foot for the brain, it

TUBERS RESISANT TO WART

Malady That Threatens From Penn. sylvania is Particular as to Varieties Attacked

The deadly potato disease wart that threatens our doors from Fennsylvania is fortunately particular as to the varieties it attacks. The Irish Cobbler and Green Mountain, for example, are ters seristant to wart,

HAVE VEGETABLES ALL YEAR

In Making Selection of Seeds for Fam. lly Garden Plan to Have Well Assorted Variety,

the selection of vegetables that are to be planted the garden will produce A sariely of vegetables from early spring until late in the for,

Pottery-Making Simplified. An inventor has patential an elec-

tricelly driven much be which under ; the Clarkeach and a partiery abbored to heat in Man, were true to a temperature.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

CLOVER IS THE KEY **CROP IN ROTATIONS**

Specialists Are Concerned Over Decline in its Use.

Less Planting of Crop Has Injuriously Affected Productiveness of Boli-Possible to Find Substi-

tute Crop. (Prepared by the United States Departs ment of Agriculture.)

From the Atlantic to Iowa and from Tennesses to Canada clover is the key crop in rotations, but there is a gradual though steady decline in this culturn of red clover in this area, Specialists in the bureau of plant ludustry, are seriously concerned over this decline and argo all farmers to

get back to clover.

Less planting of clover has injuriously affected the productiveness of the region and is likely to affect it atill more injuriously it something is not done either to Increase the acre-



Raking Crimson Clover Hay in Det. aware.

sko of clover or to find a substitute. "Whother a farmer adopts a three, four, or five-year rotation," the gree ciallate declare, the is spice to find that his yields, will decline it he does not have clover somewhere in the reintion. Theoretically, of course, it is possible to substitute another leguminous crop for clover, but practically clover file so well into the agricultural practices of this section that it is the only leguminous crop having any large degree of influence upon keeping up

CONSUMER MUST BE PLEASED

Produce Should Be Packed So That II Will Reach Destination in Good Condition (4)

The producer dealing directly with The producer dening orietty wis-consumer myst not forget that one thipment of poor produce causes more disatts faction, than can be overcome, with several shipments of high-quality produce, say market experts of the United States department of agricul-United States department of agriculture. Consumers often judge the quality of produce by appenraise, Farmers should pack produce so that when it has been transported it will urrive in good condition and present a good appearance. Confiders should be suited to the produce shipped and should be durable, strong and reason. should be durable, strong and reason-should be durable, strong and reason-shie in price. Much dissuffefaction has resulted from the use of unsuftable containers.

REMEDY FOR INFERTILE EGGS

Substitution of Another Male Will Often Relieve Trouble—Make a Change of Some Kind,

If you find that the eggs from a certain yarded pen are largely infer-tile something should be done to change the condition of things. Yery often putting in another mais for a timo will relieve it, while you feed up the removed male so that he may have greater vigor. Make a change of some kind and see if it will do the

PROFITS FROM APPLE TREES

When Planted in Permanent Place Bix to Eight Years They Should Begin to Bear,

Reckoning the age of a tree from the time when it is planted in permanent place, apple trees should begin to bear, as a rule, when they have been planted six to eight years, according to the United States department of agriculture.

MAKING PLANS FOR GARDEN

Splendid idea to Plant Permanent Crops on One Side-Hand Work is Disagreeable

In planning the garden, it is well to plant the permanent crops on one side. Everything should be grown in rows, so as to cultivate it with cultivators. It is the hand work that makes gardening the disagreeable chore that so many dislike.

VITALITY OF ALFALFA SEED

Stored Under Ordinary Conditions It Will Retain Germinating Power Many Years,

Experiments with good clean alfalia If a little care be given in making | feest storest mone community a new son ced stored under ordinarily good convitality for at least twenty-ties to be Even under tather poor conditions, alfolfa reed after 27 vents was still a to to germinate 46 per cent.

> This realis uses its origin to they Queen of State. It was the fin as conflict to tradition when the telescope flexible in Prof. 11 to 10 to 10 to 10. I device to Prepare to the terror repre-tion the home of the reget hadron, and the device the transfer of the Southerd, and the residence of the Besseletter-the residence of the Besseletter-the for the device of the device of the Besseletter-the for the device of the de There was

lisHorical and Genealogical-

Yoles and Queries

SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1920

NOTES

EXTRACTS FROM AN OLD RE-CORD BOOK WHICH IS THE PROPERTY OF THE UNITED CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH

An account of the seven first members who with their Paster, the Revd. John Adams, A. M., signed the Covenant and were joyned in the Foundation of this Second congregational Chi in Newport.

John Adams, Paster.

Richard Clark

Richard Clark
John Reynolds
Nathan Townsend
Job Bissel
James Cary
Kendal Nichols
Etenezer Davenpert
Richard Clark was born in England,
came to America and settled in Newport, Rhode Island, where he died
aged about eighty-six years. This I
received from his daughter burtha
the wife of Deacon Pitman.
John Reynolds was born at and settled in Bristol, then in the Province of
Massachusetts. He settled and lived
many years in Newport. Some years
before his death he returned to Bristol where he died Jany 30, 1767, aged
innety. Mr. Davenport tells me he
died about eighty-three years old.
Nathan Townsend was bern at Boston, July 5, 1677, O. S., settled in
Newport. Was alive when I came
here. He died here Sept. 18, 1756,
aged seventy-nine years and two
months. This I received from his
widow and from Mr. Davenport.

Job Bissel was born in Rowley, in
England, in August, 1673. Removing
to America he settled in Newport,
where he died January 3th, 1788, the
first year of New Stille, aged seventynine years and five months. This I
received from, the Wille, aged seventynine years and five months. This I
received from, the Willow Bissel, who
died A. D. 1760.

James Cary was born at Bridgewater, in Massachusetts, June, 1680. He
settled in Newport; where he lived
many years after my coming—was of
an amiable temper, full of Pity &
hoary Goodness, He died May 7, 1761.

Kendall Nichols, Esq., was born at
Reading, in Massachusetts July 27,
1686s Settled in Newport about 1710,
was alive at my coming & constantly
attended public worship till within a
month of his Death. He died Sept.
18, 1767, aged eighty-one years & two
months: I received his age from
himself. Ebenezet Davenport, still
surviving, tells me he was born in
Saconet Sept. 2, 1691. O. S., being
now entered the seventy-seventh-year
of his age. All thesol? persons were
part of 18 males gathered in the
first Congo Chh in Newport under
Mr. Clap. Nov. 3, 1720.

Ezra Stiles, Sept. 80, 1767.

Aug. 4, 1771. Aged Brother Eben
Davenport tells me: that Mr. Clap
went & assist

When it was agreed to dismiss Rev. Jno. Adams the Clerk sent to comune a Council of two Chhs only viz. Hristol & Saconet. The Chh of Bristol would not vote to send and so came not. The Chh of Saconet sent Mr. Billings their Pastor & a Delegate who came and advised first that the Chh should send out again and commune? a large Council to dismiss Mr. Adams but Chh. thought advisable to dismiss him with the least noise and accordingly proceed to do it without more council, as Mr. Edw. Davenport tells me.

Mr. Whitwell, member of the old So Chh Boston tells me that Chh dismissed their Pastor Rev. Mr. Blair about 1769; without calling a Council; bolding that in Cases clear & without difficult the Chh stood.

cit; bolding that in: Cases clear & without difficulty the Chh stood in no need of a Council.

Occurrences

1695. Mr. Nathaniel Clap began to preach at Newport. 1720. First Gongregational Church rathered and Reverend Mr. Clap or-

rathered and Reverend Mr. Clap ordained.

Feb. 25, 1729-30. Mr. Adams dismissed.

April 21, 1731. Rev. James Searing ordained. b. Jan. 6, 1755 AE 50.

May 15, 1740. Rev. Joseph Gardner ordained copaster with the Rv. Mr. Clap. Dismissed June 10, 1743.

June 20, 1744. Rev. Jon's Helyer ord. copastor with Mr. Clap and died May 27, 1745, AE 26, a very ingenious and excellent man.

Oct. 30, 1745. Died Rev. and Venerable Mr. Clap AE 78. The first Congregational Chh now destitute of a pastor.

erable Mr. Clap AE 78. The first Congregational Chh now destitute of a pastor.

Oct. 29, 1746. Rev. William Vinall ordained Paster of the first cong. Chh., dismissed. Sept. 21, 1768.

Oct. 22, 1755. Ezra Stiles ordained Paster of the Second Church.
Feb. 16, 1769. The first congregational Chh kept a day of Fasting and prayer to seek divine direction & presence in chuseing another Pastor. I preached in the morning from Dan. ix:17, and Mr. Judson, a candidate, preached in the Afternoon from Matt. xviii:3.

April 11, 1770. The Rev. Samuel Hopkins installed Pastor of the first Congregational Chh bere.

THE DARK DAY

(The following appeared in a New York paper of date of 1830)

A writer in the New York Evening A writer in the New York Evening
Post has given many accurate statements of the Dark Day, which occurred in the year 1780, but has made
one mistake respecting the time it
that whe husbandman was busily employed in planting, and that the spring
was uncommonly forward." The
spring was forward, it is true, but
the writer, if he then was a New England man, ought to have known that
the regular planting time in New
been burned by junkmen in other lend men, coght to have known that the regular planting time in New England is the first and second weeks in May; and thereby he might have known that if the dark day was in planting time, it would not have been in April. But the fact was that the

Dark Day was on the 19th day of May, 1780.

On the farm where I resided at that time, the grass had grown to a considerable height. The darkness at 11 o'clock was so great, that a candle was lighted and placed upon the table; the fowls went to roost; the slicep all huddled around in a circle, with their heads inward. The grass, to look at it through the window, seemed of a yellow green, the same as to look through smoked glass upon green grass.

I well remember that the gentleman of the house read the following Scripture by candlelight to his numerous family:

"The sun shall be turned into darkness, and the moon into blood, before that great and notable day of the Lord's coming."

The darkness was so great in the night time that it was said by one, Dr. Blackington, who resided near the northeast part of Rehoboth, who had occasion to be out among his sick patients that night, that he could not see his white pocket handkerchief placed before his eyes. The darkness was so thick that it could be felt.

The year 1780 was celebrated for the many northern lights; they covered the whole horizon over; they would flash like lightning and fill the air with the smell of sulphur. The lights' were 'so red' that the thishes would bring warmth against the face.

The great snow-fall was in December, 1779, or January, 1780. It snowed seven days; the snow was estimated to be four feet on a level, and the drifts eight to ten feet high. The snow came moist and coarse, and it was so'cold that it congenied very hard. The people traveled over stone walls with their teams. It was said to be a fact, that for thirty days, the snow day not nell from the eaves of the houses on the sumy side. The house were so high that sheep were builed up in them, and there remained for forty days until they were found by their air holes and then dug out alive.

This year the whole of the Narragansett Bay was frozen over so thick and hard their teams.

by their air holes and then dug out alive.

This year the whole of the Narragansett Bny was frozen over so thick and hard that the late Hon. John Brown passed from Proveden, on the Ice, to Newport and back, and I believe some went on skating parties the whole length. Gen. William Valentiab sleghed, wood from Fall River to Newport on the ice through Bristel Ferry.

3.The people of Newport burnt their

Ferry.

1. The people of Newport burnt their furniture to keep from freezing. The British Army had left the Island of Rhode Island in November, 1779, and stripped the people of all their valuables.

ables.

The weather was so severe in the winter of 1780 that many people were frozen to death. A man went from Attleborough, Mass., with a load of hoops to Boston, and was caught in the great storm; and returning home was frozen to death coming off Boston Neck. His ox team was frozen to death and was found standing on their feet, as the snow was deep enough to support them.

QUERIES.

10504, CASWELL—Who were the parents; of Mary Caswell, who married Nov. 29, 1744, Joseph Brown, both of Newport, R. 1.—E.M.T.

10505. BROWN, DENNIS—Who were the parents of Joseph Brown, in above query? His sister, Joanna Brown, married Capt. John Dennis, of Newport. Joanna and Joseph Brown were baptized in Trinity Church, 1721 and 1723. Is there any connection between this family and the Browns of Salem, Mass, who owned land on Prudence Island about 1700? This piece of land was afterward purchased by John Dennis of Caleb Hill.—E. M. T.

10506. YOUNGS Who were the parents of Alexander Youngs, who married Nov. 11, 1705, Hannah Rose of New Shoreham. She was daughter of Tournet Rose. He was buried in the Friends' Burial Ground in Flushing, L. I., 1712. They had a son Alexander, who lived at Hempstead, L. I.—E. M. T.

I.—E. M. T.

10507, BARTLETT—Who were the ancestors of Josish Bartlett, who was born Dec. 2, 1767, in New York State or Connectient, and died Nov. 1, 1856 and was buried in New Haven, Ohio. He married Anna Latham, who died Aug. 5, 1832, in the 56th year of her age. Would like her parentage also. Their children were Sallie Ann, Lucy, Samuel Latham, Wm. H., David and Laurentine.—E. M. T.

1050S. BROWN—Who was the Joseph Brown of Newport, R. I., whose estate was administered upon July 13, 1786. Amy Parthow swore that she was nearest of kin. The Mercury of May 10, 1786, gives the death of Joseph Brown, aged 75 years.—E. M. T.

FAMILY NAME PASSES

When it passed the urgent defi-ciency bill resently, the House of Representatives adopted an amendment providing payment of six months' salary and funeral expenss to the dependents of Lawrence Washington, the only male descendant of the family of George Washington, Lawrence Washington was employed in the Library of Congress until his death a short time ago.

In a letter to Senator Capper (Kan.) Herbert Hoover said that if the Cuban sugar crop had been bought last autumn the country would have had all the sugar it needed and have saved \$1,000.000,000 in the cost of it. He said: "Last September the Administration could have bought the Cuban sugar crop at 6½ cents a pound. This would have given 12-cent sugar to consumers. As a result of the failure to act in this matter the increased price is imposing an additional tax on our people of about \$50 per family per annum."

been burned by junkmen in other years.

us as we see ourselves.-Life.

Sheriff's Sale.

TATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PRANTATIONS

Newport, Sc.

Newport, Sc.

Newport, T. 1. February H. A. D. 1929.

By VIRTUE and In pursuance of an Execution Number 8027 issued out of the District Court of the First Judicial District or Rhedo Island within and for the Court of the Pirst Judicial District of Rhedo Island within and for the County of Newport, on the eleventh day of February, A. D. 1930, and returnable to said Court May 11th, A. D. 1930, unon a judgment rendered by said Court on the third day of February, A. D. 1940, unon a judgment rendered by said Court on the third day of February, A. D. 1930, in favor of John T. Brile and Maurice F. McMailon, doing luciness as the F. F. Garrettson Co., of said Newport, painfull, and against William C. Anthony, alias John Doe, of Newport, in said Coupty, defendant, I have lists that the said Execution on all the right, title and interest, which the solid defendant, William C. Anthony, and a thought of the law of law of the law of law of

described.

AND

Notice is hereby given that I will sell the said device on real estate at a Public Auction to be held in the Sheriff's Office in said City of Newport in said County of Newport on the 18th hay of May, 4, 11, 1220, at 12 o'clock noon, for the satisfaction of said execution, debt, interest on the same costs of suit, my own fees and all contingent expenses, if sufficient.

FRANCE.

Newport Sc.
Newport, R. L. May 15, 1920.

There goed cause the above advertised saids is hereby adjourned to SATURDAY,

JUNIS 5. A. D. 1920, at the same time and place as above utvertised.

FRANK P. KINO,

5-15 Deputy Sheriff.

Stute of Rhodo' Island and Providence Probate Court of the City of Newport AT A SESSION of sald Court hotien a Newport in mat for sald Court hotien a Newport in mat for sald City of New port, on the third lay of day, in the var of our lovel one thousand in limited and twanty, ut tou o'clock is the forenous

himbred and twanty, at on o cost in the forenon.
ON THE PETITION of SUSAN ELEXABETH, SPEAS of said, Newport, in said
State, praying that her name may be
climined to that her name may be
climined to that ALLIAN VERONICA
CROWLEY, it appearing that the reason
given therefor is suitelent, and consistent
with the public interest, and being satisfactory to the Court, and no objection
being made.

factory to the Court, and, no objection being made.

I'l I's DECREED that her frame be changed, as mayed for, to that of Lil-Lilan Velronica. Chrowithy, which shall be her legal name, and that by such name the shall be entitled to all the rights and priyeges and be subject to all the dutter and liabilities sho would have been subject to, had her name not been changed, and that she give nable notice of said change by publishing this decree once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Newport Mercury, a newspaper published in said Newport, and make return to this Court under eath that such notice has been given.

as been given. Entered as decree by order of the Court. DUNCAN A. HAZARD, Clork. A true copy, Attest:

DUNCAN A. HAZARD, Clerk. Newport, May 5th, 1920

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS

finice of the Clerk of the Superior Court,

Office of the Clerk of the Superior Court, Nevport, Sc.
Newport, April 34, A. D. 1920.
WHEREAS MARY A GORMAN of the City of Newport in said County and State, has fited in this office her petition praying for a divorce from the bond of marriage now existing between the said Mary A. Gorman and Edward Gorman, now in saids to the said Mary A. Gorman unknown, on which said petition an order of notice in seven entered;
Notice is therefore hereby given to the said petition and that he shall appear if he shall see fit, at the Superior Court to be holden at the Court Rouse, in Newport, within and for the County of Newport, on the first Monday of June A! D. 1930, then and there to respond to said petition.

SIDNET D. HARVET.

Office of the Clerk of the Superior Court.

Newport, April 24, A. D 1920.

WHEREAS NELLIE L. BERRY, of the City of Newport in said County and State, has filled in this office her petition praying for a divorce from the bond of marriane now existing between the said Nellie L. Berry unknown, on which said petition an order of motice has been entered;

Notice is therefore hereby given to the said George W. Berry of the pendency of said petition and that he shall amear the said feore we be sery of the pendency of said petition and that he shall amear to be shadered, the County of Newport, on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1920, then and there to respond to said petition.

SYDNEY D. HARVEY,

SYDNEY D. HARVEY, Clerk.

Probate Court of the City of Newport, April 20th, 1920.

Estate of James B. Sanford PETITION in writing is made by Evelyn C. Sanford of said, Newport, praying, for reasons therein stated, that the, or some other suitable person may be nppointed guardian of the person and estate of James B. Sanford, of, full age, of, said Newport, and said petition is received and referred to the Twenty-fourth day of May neat, at ten oclock A. M., at the Probate Court Room in said Newport for consideration and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the Newport Mercury citation thating been served according to law.

DUNCAN A. HAZARD. DUNCAN A. HAZARD, Clerk

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE Newport, May 1st, 1920.

THE UNDERSIGNED hereby gires notice that he has been appointed by the Probate Court of the City of Newport Administrator of the estate of MARY M. ONCHER, late of said Newport, decreased, and has given bond according to here.

All persons having claims against said estale are hereby notified to file the same in the office of the clerk of said Court within six months from the date of the first advertisement hereof.

CHARLES ONUHER.

To NEW YORK FALL RIVER LINE

Leave Long Whf. Jaily Eastern Standard Time 8:45 p. m. Daylight Saving Time 9:45 p. m. Ticket Office on the Wharf

The New England Steamship Co.

The Governor of Louisiana is out with a proclamation against Woman Suffrage. Not a single Southern State has ratified the amendment and The flatterer makes believe to see it does not look as though any would do it.

No. 1505 -

THE NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK

NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND REPORT OF CONDITION AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINE

Resources of Blis counts

Notes and blis realiseounted (other than bank acceptances sold).

Overdrafts, unsecured, \$121.03

U. S. Bonds deposited to secure circulation

U. S. Bonds object as collateral for State or other deposits or bills

the payable

U. S. Bonds owned and unpledged

Total U. S. Government securities

Bonds (other than U. S. bonds) pledged to accure U. S. deposits

Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned and

unpledged

Untra bonds, securities, etc., other than U. S. Stocks, other than Pederal Reserve Bank stock

Foderal Reserve Bank stock

Value of banking house

Furniture and fixtures

U. Lawfal reserve with Federal Reserve Bank

Cash lo vault and net amounts due from national banks

Checks on other banks

Total

Redemption ford with U. S. Treasurer 100,000.00 100,060,00 2,866.96 202,866.96 55,000.00 112,765.00 167,765.00 300.00 4,950.00 22,615.00 6,299,77 Total
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer
Interpret curred but not collected
Other assets, if any LIABILITIES. \$1,120,365.02 LOSAL ... Capital stock paid in
Surplus fami
Undivided Profits
Less current expenses, inforest and taxes paid
Interest and alsount collected or credited in advance, not carned
Circulating noise outstanding.
Amount due to Fridgral Reserve Bank, including deferred credits
Net, accounts due to banks, hankers, and trust companies
Cortified checks outstanding
Total
Individual denesits subject to check 655,971.48 700,000.00 Total of domand deposits Bills payable with Federal Reserve Bank Linbilities for rediscounts with Federal Reserve Bank

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND, COUNTY OF NEWFORT, 21.

I, GEORGE H. PROUD, Cashiof of the Wove-named bank, do soldmily swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and bellet.

GEORGE H. PROUD, Cashier. CORRECT—Attest to a solution of the solution o

in the hollowing of the light of the lead of the lead

Subreribed and sworn to before pre-fills | Correct Attest: W. H. Lindley | 12th day of May, 1920.

Mor red and assiPackers Braman, Notary Public

EDWARD A. BROWN [OVER] Directors,

ABMINISTRATION NOTICE by ABMINISTILATION NOTICE ... ABMINISTILATION NOTICE ... New Shoreham, R. I., May 16th, 1920. THE UNDERSIGNED hereby gives notice that she has been appointed by the Probate Court of the Town, of Now Shoreham Administratrix of the exact of ALTON II, MOTT, late of said New Shoreham, deceased, and has given bond seconding to law.

All persons having claims against said estale are hereby holdfield to file the same in the office of the Clerk of said Court within six months from the date of the first advertisement hereof.

CLOSSIE A MOOTE.

CLOSSIE A MOTT.

QUARDIAN'S NOTICE New Shoreham, R. L. May 15th, 1920. New Shoreham, R. I., May 15th, 1920. THE UNDERSIGNED hereby gives notice that she has been appointed by the Probate Court of the Town of New Shoreham, Guardian of the persons and estates of MILDRED V. MOTT, BERNICE G. MOTT and SAMUEL D. MOTT, manors, all of said New Shoreham, and has given bond according to law.

All persons having claims against said ward are hereby notified to file the same in the office of the Clerk of said Court within six months from the date of the first advertisement hereof.

Estate of William Marsparran

Estate of William Maesparran

FFITITION in writing is made by Wilheimina Maesparran of said Nawport,
praying for rensens therein stated, Nawport,
praying for rensens therein stated, that
she, or some other suitable person, may
be appointed guardian of the person and
estate of William Maesparran, a person
of full age, of said Newport, and said petillian is received and referred to the First
day of June next, at ten oclock a, m;
at the Pripante Court Room in said Newport, for consideration, and it is ordered
that notice thereof be published for fourtien days, once a week, in the Newport
Mercury, citation having been served according to law,

DUNCAN A. HAZARD,

Clerk.

Probate Court of the Town of New Shoreham, R. I., April 23, 1920. Estate of Benjamin T. Coe

Estate of Renjamin T. Coe

PETITION in writing is made by Raiph
E. Dodge, Overseer of the Poor of said
New Shoreham, requesting that he, said
Raiph E. Dodge, of said New Shoreham, or some other suitable person may
be appointed cuardian of the preson and
estate of Benjamin T. Coe, a person of
full age, but reputed to be of unsound
infair, and said petition is received and
reforce to the extent person of the preson of
made to the extent person of the person of
made the person of the person
and it is ordered that notice thereof be
published for fourteen days, once a week
in the Newport Mercury, and that citation be served according to law.

EDWARD P. CHAMPLIN,
5-15

Probate Court of the Town of New Shoreham, May 3, 1920. Estate of John C. Dodge

Estate of John C. Dodge

AN INSTRUMENT in writing purporting
to be the last will and testament of John
C. Dodge, late of said New Shoreham, deceased, is presented for probate, and
the same is received and referred
to the seventh day of June at two
o'clock p, m, at the Probate Court Room
in said New Shoreham, for consideration;
and it is ordered that notice thereof be
published for fourteen days, once a week
in the Newport Mercury.

5-15 Clerk.

British Coal Abundant

For her size, Great Britain has more and better coal than any other country in the world. The coal seams, ying one below another to an un-mown depth, not infrequently crepsing out at the surface, are preof that ropical conditions once prevailed in he latitude of those islands. The listrict which is now Great Britain cas connected in primeral times with the continent, and the coal of England ouldless rate ander thereformed and he southern part of the North sea, untinuing in the coal fields of northon France, Relgions and Flanders.

Can you alter that gown to fit me, do you think?
"Certainly not, madamoiselle. That isn't done any more. You must be altered to fit the gown—Life.



THE SUMMER (SSUE

of the

TELEPHONE DIRECTORY SOUTHERN SECTION

Closes for Entries and Corrections of Alphabetical and Classified Listings Including Advertising Copy

JUNE 10th, 1920

The most logical place to advertise: your merchandise or service is in "The most, used and useful book in the Community," which is consulted thousands. of times each day by those who buy by telephone.

PROVIDENCE TELEPHONE COMPANY

266 Thames Street Newport, R. L.

SEND NO MONEY

ON THIS "WONDER SHOE" "No Seams to Hurt or Rip"



These Features Make This Shoe The Best Value On the Market

1-Has nerve resting about absorber. No shocks to body or strain on feet. 2-lins strong, overweight soles, which give the longest wear,

3-line pliable, real foot-

4-Bullt on up-to-date, ea-pecially designed natural-foot lasts, which means per-fect fit and utmost ease. s-Reduce wear on the heels of the socks, 6-Perfectly smooth on in-side. No seales or nails to pinch or hurt.

7-Has waterproof insoles, which keep the feet dry. 8. The lowest priced con-fertably built shot for work-men or business men.

Just pay the letter carrier, and if you are not satisfied send it back and me will glashy referred your money. Buy a reliable alone from a reliable firm. Reference—litaliatres or R. G. Lucia.

USE THIS BLANK Clip This Blank-Fill Out and Mail

OSEPH POORAT & SONS, DEPT. N	, NEWPORT, R. I,	
Gentlemen-Bond or	Pales No. G. H. New	Jawa Stoa.
ize wasted		
eue		
4.41		

City and State